

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
 Mathematics-II
 (Common To All)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) Find the Integrating Factor (I.F) of $x \log x (\frac{dy}{dx}) + y = 2 \log x$. L2 2M
- (b) Write the formula for Bessel's function $J_n(x)$. L1 2M
- (c) Change the order of integration in $\int_0^{1/2\sqrt{x}} \int_0^x f(x, y) dy dx$. L1 2M
- (d) Write Cauchy's Riemann equations in Cartesian form. L1 2M
- (e) State Cauchy's residue theorem. L1 2M

PART-B

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. (a) Solve $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x$ L2 5M
 (b) Solve $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$ L2 5M

OR

3. (a) Solve $p^2 + 2py \cot x = y^2$. L2 5M
 (b) Solve $y = p \sin p + c \cos p$ L2 5M

UNIT - II

4. (a) Solve $((D^2 + 4)y = e^x + \sin 2x$ L2 5M
 (b) Solve $(D^2 + 1)y = \cos x$ by method of variation of parameters. L2 5M

OR

5. (a) Solve $(D^3 + 2D^2 + D)y = x^3$ L2 5M
 (b) Solve $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{x} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{12 \log x}{x^2}$ L2 5M

UNIT - III

6. Change the order of integration in $I = \int_0^{1/2\sqrt{x}} \int_0^x (xy) dy dx$ and hence evaluate L5 10M
 the same.

OR

7. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} \frac{dxdydz}{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2}}$ L2 10M

8.	(a) Find the image of the infinite strip $0 < y < \frac{1}{2}$ under the transformation $w = \frac{z}{1}$	UNIT - IV	5M
	(b) Show that the function $w = \frac{z}{4}$ transforms the straight line $x = c$ in the z -plane, into a circle in the w -plane	OR	5M
9.	(a) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $(\infty, i, 0)$ in to the points $(-1, -i, 1)$ in w -plane.	UNIT - V	5M
	(b) Find the bilinear transformation that maps the points $(1, i, -1)$ in to the points $(2, i, -2)$ in w -plane.	OR	5M
10.	Show that $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1+a^2-2a\cos\theta}{1-a^2} d\theta = \frac{\pi}{1-a^2}$, $0 < a < 1$.	UNIT - V	10M
	OR		
11.	Verify Cauchy's theorem for the function $f(z) = 3z^2 + iz - 4$ if c is the square with vertices at $1 \pm i$ and $-1 \pm i$	L2	10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022
CHEMISTRY
 (CE, EEE & ME)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; ($5 \times 2 = 10$ Marks)
- Give any two difference between Bonding and anti-bonding molecular orbitals L1 2M
 - What is meant by corrosion? L1 2M
 - Define brackish water ? What type of methods used in purification ? L1 2M
 - Why benzene does not undergo electrophilic substitution reactions? L1 2M
 - What is finger print region? Mention its importance. L1 2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. Explain the energy level diagrams of oxygen and fluorine with magnetic behavior L2 10M

OR

3. Explain HSAB concept and its applications. L2 10M

UNIT - II

4. Define Entropy. Entropy changes in reversible and irreversible process. L2 10M

OR

5. Explain various factors influencing the rate of corrosion. L2 10M

UNIT - III

6. What are the units to express hardness of water? and explain sludge and Scale formation in boilers. L1 10M

OR

7. Describe the Ion exchange process for demineralization of water. What are the advantages and disadvantages of ion exchange process? L2 10M

UNIT - IV

8. Write the preparation, properties & uses of Bakelite and Teflon, Nylon 6, 6. L1 10M

OR

9. Define addition and elimination reactions. Explain the addition and elimination reactions with examples L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. Explain the working principle of atomic absorption spectrometer and How will you determine the nickel using by AAS? L2 10M

OR

11. Discuss the principle, instrumentation and applications of Transmission electron microscopy L5 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS
(ECE and CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)
- What are direct band gap semiconductors?
 - Locate the Fermi level of intrinsic semiconductor.
 - Give the principle of solar cell.
 - Mention the characteristics of LASER.
 - What is quantum dot?

L1	2M
L4	2M
L1	2M
L1	2M
L1	2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. (a) Explain different Brillouin zones using E-K diagram.
 (b) Classify solids as Conductors, semiconductors and insulators.

L1	5M
L2	5M

OR

3. Describe the electrical conductivity in a metal using quantum free electro theory

L3	10M
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UNIT - II

4. (a) Explain Hall effect. Give its Applications.
 (b) The hall coefficient of a specimen is $3.66 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3 \text{ C}^{-1}$. Its resistivity is $8.93 \times 10^{-3} \Omega \text{ m}$. Find μ and n .

L2	7M
L3	3M

OR

5. Describe drift and diffusion currents of a semiconductor.

L3	10M
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UNIT - III

6. (a) Explain the principle, construction and working of LED.
 (b) Give the applications of LED.

L1	8M
L2	2M

OR

7. Discuss the I-V characteristics of photodiode and solar cell.

L3	10M
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UNIT - IV

8. (a) Explain spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation.
 (b) Obtain relation among Einstein's coefficients.

L2	5M
L4	5M

OR

9. (a) Obtain an expression for Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber.
 (b) Calculate the fractional index change for a given optical fiber if the refractive indices of the core and cladding are 1.563 and 1.498 respectively.

L2	7M
L4	3M

UNIT - V

10. (a) Explain surface area to volume ratio and quantum confinement in nano materials.
 (b) Give the industrial and medical applications of nanomaterials
11. (a) Describe sol-gel technique of nanomaterials synthesis.
 (b) Give the advantages of sol-gel technique.

L1	7M
L2	3M
L4	7M
L2	3M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ENGLISH
 (CE, ME & EEE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- (a) Give two examples on simple sentence L2 2M
- (b) What are the basic rules for writing precisely? L1 2M
- (c) What is the difference between listening and hearing? L1 2M
- (d) What is the theme of Where the mind is without fear? L1 2M
- (e) What are the principles of writing Essays? L1 2M

PART- B

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)

UNIT - I

2. Sketch the Character of Mr Jimmy Wells in the story "After Twenty Years" L2 10M

OR

3. What is the essence of the speech made by Jaques to Duke Junior with reference to "All world's a Stage" L1 10M

UNIT - II

4. Write a summary of Bertrand Russel „s "Knowledge and Wisdom" L2 10M

OR

5. Justify the title "Knowledge and Wisdom." L5 10M

UNIT - III

6. Justify the title` The Happy Prince` L5 10M

OR

7. Discuss Nelson Mandela`s Armed Resistance Movement. L2 10M

UNIT - IV

8. What is the contribution of Rabindranath Tagore for Indian literature? L1 10M

OR

9. What are the policies implemented by government to reduce pollution? L1 10M

UNIT - V

10. What is the gist of the Astrologer"s Day by R.K Narayanan? L1 10M

OR

11. How did R.K. Narayan"s an astrologer prove that he was a successful professional? L2 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING
 (ECE & CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) Define Variable. Give syntax. L1 2M
- (b) What is the use of Break statement? L2 2M
- (c) Recall User defined Function? L1 2M
- (d) List any three String handling Functions? L1 2M
- (e) Define Array? L1 2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. What is a token? What are different types of tokens available in C language? L2 10M
 Explain.

OR

3. Evaluate the following expressions:

- i) $22 + 3 < 6 \&\& !5 \mid \mid 22 = =7 \&\& 22 - 2 > +5$
- ii) $a + 2 > b \mid \mid !c \&\& a == d *a - 2 < = e$
 Where a=11, b=6, c=0, d = 7 and e=5.

UNIT - II

4. Show how break and continue statements are used in a C-program, with L4 10M example.

OR

5. Write a C program to display your branch name based upon the branch code L3 10M using switch statement?

UNIT - III

6. Write a program in C using functions to swap two numbers using global L3 10M variables concept and call by reference concept.

OR

7. What is an array? How a single dimension and two dimension arrays are L2 10M declared and initialized?

UNIT - IV

8. Write a program in C to find the sum and mean of all elements in an array L3 10M using pointers.

OR

9. Explain string manipulation library functions with their syntaxes. Write a L3 10M program to check whether a string is palindrome or not.

UNIT - V

10. Write a c-program using structures to read, write, compute average - marks L3 10M and display the students scoring above and below the average marks for a class of N students.

OR

11. Illustrate the purpose of feof() & ferror() functions? Also explain the general L4 10M format of fseek() function.

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ENGINEERING & GRAPHICS DESIGN
 (Common to CE, ME & EEE)

Time: 3 hours

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

Answer the following: (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

1.
 - (a) Divide a line of 100 mm in to 7 equal parts
 - (b) Draw the projection of the line of 70 mm, when the line is parallel to both the reference planes and 30 mm away from HP and 20 mm in front of VP
 - (c) Define the terms prism and pyramid
 - (d) What is the true shape of the section
 - (e) what is the difference between isometric and orthographic projections

PART- B
(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)**UNIT - I**

2. Draw an epi-cycloid of rolling circle of diameter 40 mm which rolls outside another circle (base circle) of 150 mm diameter for one revolution. Draw a tangent and normal at any point on the curve.

OR

3. a) Draw an ellipse having major axis equal to 100 mm and the minor axis equal to 70 mm. Use the concentric circle method.
 b) Draw a parabola having a distance of 50 mm between the focus and directrix. Draw a normal and tangent to the parabola at a point 35 mm from the focus.

UNIT - II

4. Draw the projections of the following points, keeping the distance between the projectors as 25 mm on the same reference lines.
 A - 20 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP
 B - 20 mm above HP and 30 mm behind VP
 C - 20 mm below HP and 30 mm behind VP
 D - 20 mm below HP and 30 mm in front of VP
 E - On HP and 30 mm in front of VP
 F - On VP and 20 mm above HP
 G - Lying on both HP and VP

OR

5. A line AB of 100 mm length is inclined at an angle of 45 degree to HP and 30 degree to VP. The point A is 15 mm above HP and 20 mm in front of VP. Draw the projections of the line.

UNIT - III

6. An equilateral triangular plane ABC of side 40 mm, has its plane parallel to VP and 20 mm away from it. Draw the projections of the plane when one of its sides is (i) perpendicular to HP and (ii) inclined to HP at an angle of 45 degree

OR

7. A square pyramid, base 40 mm side and axis 70 mm long, is freely suspended from one of the corners of its base. Draw its projections, when the axis as a vertical plane makes an angle of 45 degree with the VP

UNIT - IV

8. A hexagonal prism of side of base 30 mm and length of axis 75 mm, is resting on its base on HP. It is cut by a section plane inclined 35 degree to HP and passing through top corner. Draw the front and sectional top views of the solid and true shape of the section.

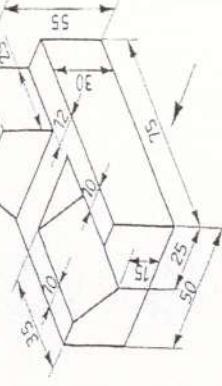
OR

9. A square prism of side of base 40 mm and axis 80 mm long, is resting on its base on HP such that, a rectangular face of it is parallel to VP. Draw the development of the prism.

UNIT - V

10. Draw the isometric projection of the frustum of a cone of base diameter 60 mm, top diameter 30 mm and height 55 mm.

11. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

**UNIT - VI**

12. Draw the isometric projection of the frustum of a cone of base diameter 60 mm, top diameter 30 mm and height 55 mm.

13. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - VII

14. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - VIII

15. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - IX

16. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - X

17. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XI

18. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XII

19. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XIII

20. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XIV

21. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XV

22. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XVI

23. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XVII

24. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XVIII

25. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XIX

26. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XX

27. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXI

28. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXII

29. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXIII

30. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXIV

31. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXV

32. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXVI

33. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXVII

34. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXVIII

35. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXIX

36. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXX

37. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXI

38. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXII

39. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXIII

40. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXIV

41. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXV

42. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXVI

43. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXVII

44. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXVIII

45. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XXXIX

46. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XL

47. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLI

48. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLII

49. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLIII

50. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLIV

51. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLV

52. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLVI

53. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLVII

54. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLVIII

55. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - XLIX

56. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - L

57. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LI

58. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LII

59. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LIII

60. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LIV

61. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LV

62. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LX

63. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXI

64. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXII

65. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIII

66. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIV

67. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXV

68. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVI

69. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVII

70. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVIII

71. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIX

72. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXX

73. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXI

74. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXII

75. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIII

76. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIV

77. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXV

78. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVI

79. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVII

80. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVIII

81. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIX

82. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LX

83. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXI

84. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXII

85. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIII

86. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIV

87. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXV

88. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVI

89. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVII

90. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXVIII

91. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LXIX

92. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle projection

UNIT - LX

93. Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according to first angle

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ENGINEERING MECHANICS
 (ECE)

Time: 3 hours

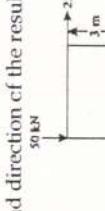
PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

Answer the following: (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

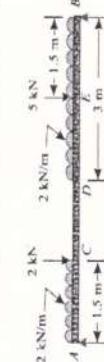
- Write the equations of equilibrium for a system of Coplanar Concurrent Forces in terms of moments.
- What is cone of friction?
- What is the importance of center of gravity?
- What is Radius of gyration? Explain.
- State the Principle of Conservation of Momentum.

PART- B(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)**UNIT - I**

- State and prove parallelogram law of forces.
- A system of forces is acting at the corners of a rectangular block as shown in Fig. Determine the magnitude and direction of the resultant force.

**OR**

- A simply supported beam AB of span 6 m is loaded as shown in Fig. Determine the reactions at A and B.

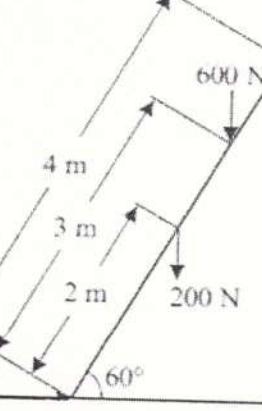
**UNIT - II**

- Define the following:

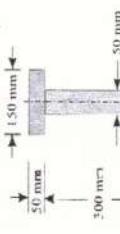
- Limiting Force of Friction,
- Kinetic Friction,
- Co-efficient of Friction
- Angle of Friction,
- Angle of Repose

OR

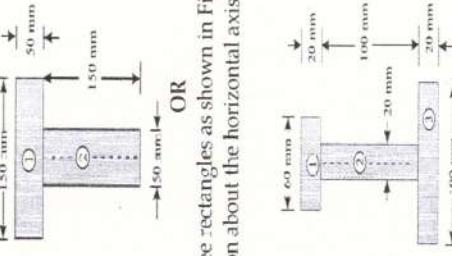
- A ladder of length 4 m, weighing 200 N is placed against a vertical wall as shown in Fig.10. The coefficient of friction between the wall and the ladder is 0.2 and that between floor and the ladder is 0.3. The ladder, in addition to its own weight, has to support a man weighing 600 N at a distance of 3 m from A. Calculate the minimum horizontal force to be applied at A to prevent slipping.

**OR**

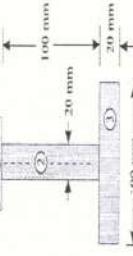
- An I-section as shown in Fig. has the following dimensions in mm units:
 Bottom flange = 300×10
 Top flange = 150×50
 Web = 300×50
 Determine mathematically the position of center of gravity of the section

**UNIT - IV**

- Find the moment of inertia of a T-section with flange as $150 \text{ mm} \times 50 \text{ mm}$ and web as $150 \text{ mm} \times 50 \text{ mm}$ about X-X and Y-Y axes through the center of gravity of the section as shown in fig.

**UNIT - V**

- An I-section is made up of three rectangles as shown in Fig. Find the Moment of inertia of the section about the horizontal axis passing through the center of gravity of the section.

**UNIT - VI****L3****10N**

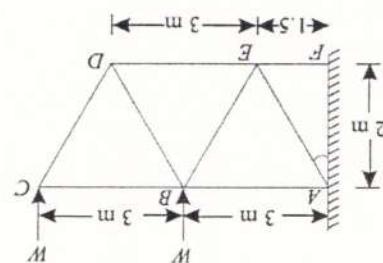
10. Analyze the members of an inclined truss loaded as shown in fig.

UNIT - V

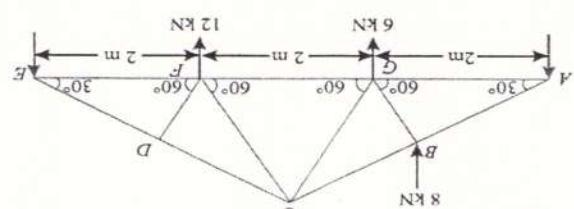
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11. A cantilever truss is loaded as shown in Fig. Find the value W , which would produce a force of magnitude 15 KN in the member AB.



OR



SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 BTech I Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS-I
 (EEE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

Answer the following (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

1. (a) Define independent and dependent sources.
- (b) Define form factor.
- (c) State the Superposition Theorem.
- (d) Define Q factor.
- (e) Define Ideal Transformer.

PART-B

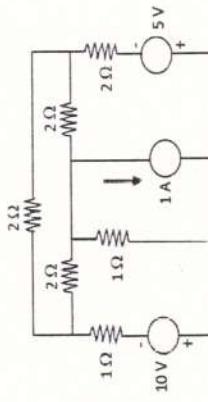
(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Derive the expression for Delta connected resistances in terms of Star connected resistances and vice versa?

OR

3. Obtain the node voltages for the following network shown in figure.

**UNIT - II**

4. An alternating current is expressed as $i = 14.14 \sin 314t$. Determine.

- (i) Maximum current
- (ii) RMS current
- (iii) Frequency
- (iv) Instantaneous current when $t = 0.02\text{msec}$.

OR

5. A 1Ω resistor is connected in series with an inductance of 50mH across a $230\text{V}, 50\text{HZ}$ AC Supply. Find
 - (i) Inductive reactance
 - (ii) Impedance
 - (iii) Current
 - (iv) Phase angle
 - (v) Voltage drop across resistance.

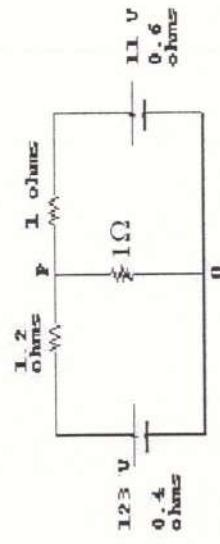
R18

UNIT - III

6. Derive the condition for the maximum power to be transferred from the source to the load.

OR

- For the circuit shown in figure , find the value of current through 1 ohm in the arm PQ using Thevenin's theorem.

**UNIT - IV**

7. In the parallel RLC circuit calculate resonant frequency, bandwidth, Q- factor.

OR

8. Draw and explain the Locus diagram of a Series RL Circuit?

UNIT - V

9. Draw and explain the Locus diagram of a Series RC Circuit?

UNIT - VI

10. Explain Self Inductance, Mutual Inductance and Co-efficient of coupling in detail? Give the relation between L_1, L_2, K & M?

11. Two coupled coils with $L_1=0.02\text{H}, L_2=0.01\text{H}$ and $K=0.5$ are connected in four different ways Series aiding, series opposing, parallel aiding and parallel opposing. Determine the equivalent inductances in all the four cases?

UNIT - VII

12. In the parallel RLC circuit calculate resonant frequency, bandwidth, Q- factor.

13. Draw and explain the Locus diagram of a Series RL Circuit?

UNIT - VIII

14. Draw and explain the Locus diagram of a Series RC Circuit?

UNIT - IX

15. Explain Self Inductance, Mutual Inductance and Co-efficient of coupling in detail? Give the relation between L_1, L_2, K & M?

SIDDARTHAA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester [R18] Supplementary Examinations July-2022
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
 (CSE & ECE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

Answer the following: (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

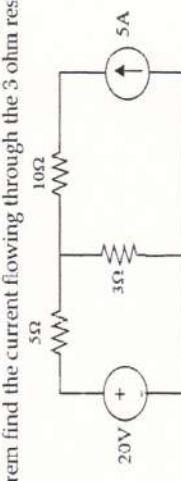
- State Ohm's law and write its expression?
- Draw Star and Delta Connections of Three Phase circuit?
- Why Transformer rating will be in kVA?
- Why is an induction motor called a rotating transformer? Justify
- Define Switch Gear?

PART-B

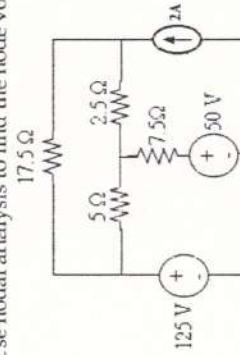
(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

- State and Explain the Super position theorem. And By using superposition theorem find the current flowing through the 3 ohm resistor.

**OR**

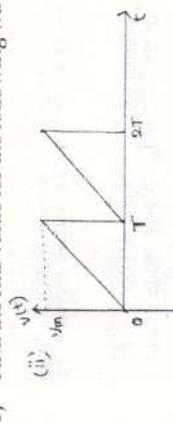
- Use nodal analysis to find the node voltages for the below circuit.

**UNIT - II**

- Derive an expression for the current and impedance for a series RL and RC circuit excited by a sinusoidally alternating voltage. Draw the phasor diagrams.

- Derive the voltage and current relations in three phase balanced circuits for delta connection.

- Find the rms value for the following waveform.

**UNIT - III**

- Explain about magnetic materials.
- A 1-Φ, 50 HZ transformer has 80 turns on the primary winding and 400 turns on the secondary winding. The net cross sectional area of the core is 200 cm². If the primary winding is connected to a 240v, 50 HZ supply, determine (i) The emf induced in the secondary winding.

- The maximum value of the flux density in the core.

OR

- Explain the practical transformer on load and draw the phasor diagrams

UNIT - IV

- Explain the construction of three phase alternator?

OR

- Explain the working principle of synchronous generator?

UNIT - V

- Explain briefly about earthing and how it plays an important role in installation.

OR

- What is energy consumption and Explain how it is calculated by an example.

UNIT - VI

- Derive an expression for the current and impedance for a series RL and RC circuit excited by a sinusoidally alternating voltage. Draw the phasor diagrams.

B.Tech I Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July- 2022
SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS
(CSE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**UNIT-I**

- 1 a) List the postulates of classical free electron theory and quantum free electron theory. L1 8M
 b) Write a brief note on Fermi-Dirac distribution function L1 4M
 OR

- 2 a) Outline the various sources of electrical resistance in metals. L2 8M
 b) Define the terms a) relaxation time b) mobility L1 4M

UNIT-II

- 3 a) Develop Einstein's relation in semiconductors. L3 6M
 b) Define Fermi level. Prove that the Fermi level lies exactly in between the valency band and conduction band of an intrinsic semiconductor. L5 6M
 OR

- 4 a) State and explain Hall effect. Derive an expression for Hall potential in a semiconductor. L3 7M
 b) Summarize the working mechanism of a solar cell. L2 5M

UNIT-III

- 5 a) Explain the behavior of particle in a one-dimensional infinite-depth potential well in terms of Eigenvalues and Eigen function. L2 8M
 b) List the physical significance of wave function. L1 4M
 OR

- 6 a) Describe the propagation of the electromagnetic wave in non-conducting media. L2 8M
 b) Explain the properties of matter waves. L2 4M

UNIT-IV

- 7 a) Discuss population inversion. L2 4M
 b) Demonstrate the construction and working mechanism of He-Ne Laser with neat energy level diagram. L2 8M
 OR

- 8 a) Define acceptance angle and numerical aperture. Derive an expression for acceptance angle of an optical fiber. L3 7M
 b) Describe optical fiber communication system with block diagram. L3 5M

UNIT-V

- 9 a) Explain why surface area to volume ratio is very large for Nano materials. L2 8M
 b) Write the applications of nanomaterial in industries and information technology. L1 4M
 OR

- 10 a) Describe the sol-gel technique for the synthesis of nanomaterials. L2 6M
 b) List the advantages of sol-gel process. L1 6M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**I B.Tech II SEM (R19) Supplementary Examinations of July-2022
APPLIED CHEMISTRY**

(CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Explain the Nernst equation for a single electrode potential and write its applications. L2 12M

OR

3. (a) Explain the construction and working principle of lead storage battery. L2 6M
 (b) Explain a brief note on Zinc-Air battery. L2 6M

UNIT - II

4. Write the salient features of MOT. Draw the energy level diagrams of O_2 L2 12M
 OR

5. Draw the band diagrams of Conductors, Semiconductors and Insulators. L3 12M

UNIT - III

6. Explain the following mechanism with examples. L2 12M
 (i) Anionic addition polymerization. (ii) Co-ordination or Ziegler-Natta polymerization.

OR

7. Write the preparation, properties and application of Buna-S rubber and Buna-N rubber. L3 12M

UNIT - IV

8. Give an account on principle and instrumentation of IR spectroscopy. Explain stretching and bending vibrations. L2 12M

OR

9. Explain the principle and instrumentation of High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC). L2 12M

UNIT - V

10. Explain the applications of supramolecules in
 a) Sensors, Gas storage. b) Molecular switches L2 12M

OR

11. Discuss about Super conductors and their applications? L2 12M

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

UNIT-I

1 a) Solve $(1+y^2)dx + (x-\tan^{-1}y)dy = 0$.

b) Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 8(e^{2x} + \sin 2x + x^2)$.

2 a) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} - 2\cos x \cdot \cot y + \sin^2 x \cdot \cosec y \cdot \cos x = 0$.

b) Solve $\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} - y = \cos x \cosh x$.

UNIT-II

3 Solve the simultaneous equations: $\frac{dx}{dt} + 5x - 2y = t$; $\frac{dy}{dt} + 2x + y = 0$ being given $x = y = 0$ when $t = 0$.

OR

4 a) Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 4x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 4x^2$.

b) Solve $(2x+5)^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 6(2x+5) \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 6x$.

UNIT-III

5 Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$, where $u(x,0) = 6e^{-3x}$ by the method of separation of variables.

6 a) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function f from $z = y^2 + 2f\left(\frac{1}{x} + \log y\right)$.

b) Solve the PDE $(x^2 - y^2 - z^2)p + 2xyq = 2xz$.

UNIT-IV

7 a) Find the directional derivative of $f(x,y,z) = xy^3 + yz^3$ at the point $(2,-1,1)$ in the direction of the vector $\bar{i} + 2\bar{j} + 2\bar{k}$.

b) Show that $\bar{F} = yz\bar{i} + zx\bar{j} + xy\bar{k}$ is Conservative vector field and find its Potential function.

8 a) Find the angle between the surfaces $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and $z = x^2 + y^2 - 3$ at the point $(2,-1,2)$.

b) Show that $\operatorname{div}(\operatorname{grad} r^n) = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$ where $r^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$.

9 Verify Green's theorem in plane for $\iint_C (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$, Where C is L3 12M
boundary of the region defined by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$.

OR

10 a) Find the work done in moving a particle in the force field L3 6M
 $\bar{F} = 3x^2\bar{i} + (2xz - y)\bar{j} + z\bar{k}$ along the line joining $(0,0,0)$ to $(2,1,3)$.
b) Use Gauss divergence theorem to evaluate $\iint_S (xdzdz + ydzdx + zdxdy)$, where S L3 6M
is the surface of a sphere of radius a.

UNIT-V11 a) Find the work done in moving a particle in the force field L3 6M
 $\bar{F} = 3x^2\bar{i} + (2xz - y)\bar{j} + z\bar{k}$ along the line joining $(0,0,0)$ to $(2,1,3)$.
b) Use Gauss divergence theorem to evaluate $\iint_S (xdzdz + ydzdx + zdxdy)$, where S L3 6M
is the surface of a sphere of radius a.Max. Marks: 60
Answer one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July 2022
STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-I

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit (**5 x 12 = 60 Marks**)**[UNIT-I]**

- 1 A specimen of steel 25 mm in diameter with a gauge length of 200 mm is tested to destruction. It has an extension of 0.16 mm under a load of 80 kN and the load at elastic limit is 160 kN. The maximum load is 180 kN. The total extension is 56 mm and diameter at the neck is 18 mm. Find (i) The stress at elastic limit (ii) Young's modulus (iii) Percentage of elongation (iv) percentage reduction in area (v) Ultimate tensile stress.

OR

- 2 A bar of 20 mm diameter is tested in tension. It is observed that when a load of 37.7 kN is applied, the extension measured over a gauge length of 200 mm is 0.12 mm and contraction in diameter is 0.0036 mm. find the Poisson's ration, Yong's modulus, bulk modulus of elasticity and modulus of rigidity.

[UNIT-II]

- 3 A cantilever of 14 m span carries loads of 6 kN, 4 kN, 6 kN and 4 kN at 2 m, 4 m, 7 m and 14 m respectively from the fixed end. If also has a uniformly distributed load of 2 kN/m run for the length between 4 m and 10 m from the fixed end. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams.

OR

- 4 A 10 m long simply supported beam carries two point loads of 10 kN and 6 kN at 2 m and 9 m respectively form the left end. It has also a uniformly distributed load of 4 kN/m run for the length between 4 m and 7 m from the left end. Draw shear force and bending moment diagrams.

[UNIT-III]

- 5 A timber beam of rectangular section supports a load of 20 kN uniformly distributed over a span of 3.6 m. If depth of the beam section is twice the width and maximum stress is not to exceed 7 MPa, find the dimensions of the beam section.

OR

- 6 Draw the shear stress distribution of triangular section of width 'b' and height 'h'. Prove that the maximum shear stress is 1.5 times the average shear stress.

[UNIT-IV]

- 7 Derive the expression for slope and deflection of a cantilever beam carrying a point load at the free end by Moment Area method.

OR

- 8 A simply supported beam is subjected to uniformly distributed load w /unit length completely over a span 'l'. Using Moment Area method find the maximum slope and deflection.

[UNIT-V]

- Q.P. Code: 19CE0102**
- 9 Compare the Euler crippling loads of two columns-one of solid circular section and the second of hollow circular section of internal diameter 70% of the external diameter if they are of the same material, same length, same area, and same end conditions.

OR

- 10 A T-section 150 mm x 120 mm x 20 mm is used as a strut of 4 m long with hinged at its both ends. Calculate the crippling load, if Young's modulus for the material be 200 GPa.

Q.P. Code: 19CE0102

Max. Marks: 60

(CE)

L3 12M

9 section and the second of hollow circular section of internal diameter 70% of the external diameter if they are of the same material, same length, same area, and same end conditions.

L3 12M

10 A T-section 150 mm x 120 mm x 20 mm is used as a strut of 4 m long with hinged at its both ends. Calculate the crippling load, if Young's modulus for the material be 200 GPa.

L3 12M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS - I
 (EEE)

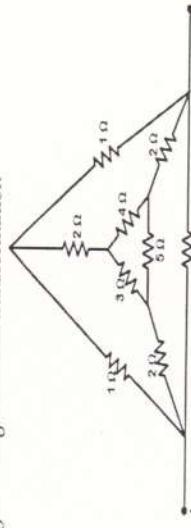
Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**[UNIT-II]**

1 Derive the expression for Delta connected resistances in terms of Star connected resistances.

OR

2 Find the equivalent resistance across the terminals A and B of the network shown in Figure using Star-delta transformation



3 Derive the expression for equivalent inductance when the coupled inductors are connected in series aiding and series opposition.

OR

4 When two identical coupled coils are connected in series, the inductance of the combination is found to be 80 mH. When the connections to one of the coils are reversed, a similar measurement indicates 20 mH. Find the coupling coefficient between the coils.

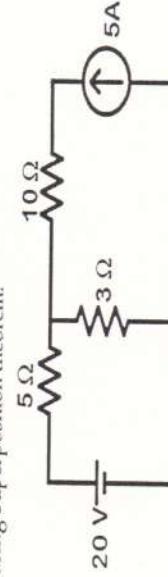
5 A 1kΩ resistor is connected in series with an inductance of 50mH across a 230V, 50Hz AC Supply. Find Inductive reactance, Impedance, Current, Phase angle, Voltage drop across resistance and Voltage drop across Inductance

OR

6 A Pure Inductive coil allows a current of 10A to flow from a 230V, 50Hz AC Supply. Find Inductive Reactance, Inductance of the coil, Power Absorbed, Sinusoidal equations for Voltage and Current.

[UNIT-IV]

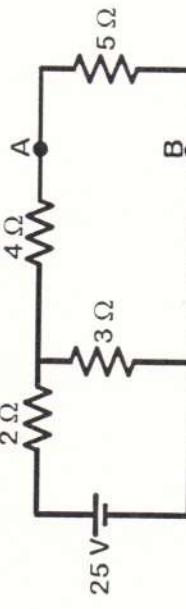
7 Find the current passing through 3Ω Resistor for the circuit shown below figure by using Superposition theorem.



L3 12M

OR

8 Determine the Norton's equivalent circuit for the circuit shown in below

**[UNIT-V]**9 A series RLC circuit has $R=10\Omega$, $L=0.5H$ and $C=40\mu F$. The applied voltage is 100V. Find,

1) Resonant frequency & Quality factor of a coil

2) Bandwidth

3) Upper and lower Half power frequencies

4) Current at resonance & current at half power points

5) Voltage across inductance & voltage across capacitance at resonance

10 Two coils one of $R_1=0.51\Omega$, $L_1=32mH$ and other coil of $R_2=1.3\Omega$, $L_2=15mH$ are in series and are connected in series with a capacitor of $C_1=25\mu F$, $C_2=62\mu F$ and a resistor of $R_3=0.24\Omega$. Determine,

1) Resonant frequency

2) Quality factor of the circuit

3) Bandwidth

4) Power dissipated in the circuit at resonance frequency if the supply is 230V AC Supply.

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SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech I Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
 (ECE)

Time: 3 Hours Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

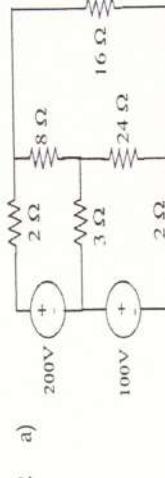
[UNIT-I]

- 1 a) Explain about Ideal and Practical Current sources in detail.
 b) State and Prove Maximum Power Transfer Theorem

L1 6M

L1 6M

OR



Determine the mesh currents for the circuit shown below.

[UNIT-II]

- 2 a) Determine the voltage and current relations in three phase balanced circuits for star connection

L1 6M

L1 6M

- b) Derive an expression for torque and torque density in D.C. Motor.

[UNIT-III]

- 3 a) Derive an expression for the voltage and impedance for a series RLC circuit excited by a Sinusoidally alternating voltage.
 b) A series circuit consisting of a 10Ω resistor, a $100\mu\text{F}$ capacitor and a 10 mH inductor is driven by a 50 Hz a.c. voltage source of maximum value 100 volts. Calculate the equivalent impedance, Current in the circuit and the phase angle.

L1 6M

L2 12M

- 4 a) Derive an expression for the voltage and impedance for a series RLC circuit excited by a Sinusoidally alternating voltage.
 b) A series circuit consisting of a 10Ω resistor, a $100\mu\text{F}$ capacitor and a 10 mH inductor is driven by a 50 Hz a.c. voltage source of maximum value 100 volts. Calculate the equivalent impedance, Current in the circuit and the phase angle.

L1 6M

L2 12M

- 5 a) Define Torque and derive the expression for torque in a D.C. Motor.

OR

- b) The armature of a 6-pole, wave wound D.C generator has 604 conductors. Calculate the generated EMF when the flux per pole is 60mWb and the speed is 250rpm . At what speed, the armature to be driven in order to generate an EMF of 550V , if the flux per pole is reduced to 58mWb .

L1 6M

L2 6M

- 6 a) A 4-pole, 500V , Wave wound D.C shunt motor has 720 conductors on its armature. The full-load armature current is 60A and the flux per pole is 0.03Wb . The armature resistance is 1.25Ω and the brush contact drop is $1\text{V}/\text{brush}$. Calculate the full-load speed.
 b) What are the losses occur in a D.C Generator?

[UNIT-IV]

L1 6M

L1 6M

- 7 a) A single-phase $600/230\text{V}, 50\text{Hz}$ transformer has a core area of 400cm^2 and a maximum flux density of 1.18Wb/m^2 . Calculate the number of turns in Primary & Secondary windings.
 b) Explain about Various losses occurs in a transformer.

- OR**
 a) Write the short notes on Voltage Regulation & Efficiency.

b) Compare Core type & Shell type transformer.

[UNIT-V]

- 9 Classify cables based on different aspects.

OR

- 10 a) What is the necessity of Earthing?
 b) What is Fuse & explain the principle of operation of Fuse.

L1 6M

L2 6M

- OR**
 a) Write the short notes on Voltage Regulation & Efficiency.

b) Compare Core type & Shell type transformer.

[UNIT-V]

- 9 Classify cables based on different aspects.

OR

- 10 a) What is the necessity of Earthing?
 b) What is Fuse & explain the principle of operation of Fuse.

L1 6M

L2 6M

Time: 3 hours

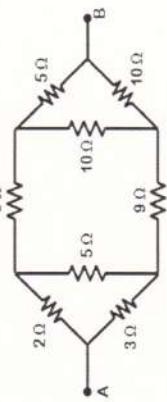
PART-A
 (Answer all Three units, $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)

UNIT - I

1. Explain the following in detail
 i) Resistive networks
 ii) Inductive networks
 iii) Capacitive networks

OR

2. Find the voltage to be applied across AB in order to drive a current of 5A into the circuit.

**UNIT - II**

3. a) State Super position theorem.
 b) Calculate the current in 2Ω resistor in the given circuit using super position theorem,

**OR**

4. a) Explain in detail about Impedance parameters.
 b) Briefly discuss about Admittance parameters.

UNIT - III

5. a) Derive EMF equation of a transformer
 b) A 100 kVA, 11000/400 V, 50 Hz transformer has 40 secondary turns. Calculate the number of primary turns and primary and secondary currents.

OR

6. Explain in detail about various transformer losses.

PART- B(Answer all Three units, $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)**UNIT - I**

1. Discuss the conduction properties of semiconductors and explain the process of electron hole Pair generation and recombination.

OR

2. a) Draw the circuit diagram of a Bridge Rectifier and explain its operation with input and output waveforms.
 b) Discuss the operation of full wave rectifier with capacitor filter.

UNIT - II

3. a) Explain the functioning of Common Collector Configuration of BJT. State why this arrangement is also called an emitter follower circuit.
 b) Compare the characteristics of BJT CB, CE and CC transistor configurations.

OR

4. Draw the circuit diagram for a common base circuit arrangement and plot its input and Output characteristics. Show the different regions of the output characteristics and explain their occurrence.

UNIT - III

5. a) Explain about the JFET and draw the construction of JFET
 b) Explain the operation of JFET
6. a) Explain the construction and principle of operation of N-channel JFET.
 b) Define the JFET Volt-Ampere Characteristics and determine FET parameters.

Max Marks: 60

1.2 10M

L1 2M
L3 8ML2 5M
L3 5ML2 6M
L3 4M

L2 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July- 2022

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS
 (EEE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) Write code for 2421. L2 2M
- (b) With an example explain essential prime implicant. L1 2M
- (c) Write the comparison between synchronous and asynchronous counter. L1 2M
- (d) Define Tri-state buffer. L1 2M
- (e) Write the working of dynamic RAM cell. L1 2M

PART-B**(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. (a) Convert the following Decimal to Hexadecimal. L3 4 M
 (i) 725.25 (ii) 574.35
- (b) Simplify the following Boolean functions to minimum number of literals L4 6 M
 (i) $xyz + x'y + xyz'$ (ii) $xz + x'yz$.

OR

3. Prove with neat sketch why NAND and NOR gates are universal gates. L3 10M

UNIT - II

4. (a) Design & implement Half Adder and Full Adder with truth table. L2 6M
 (b) Design Full Adder by using two half adders. L3 4M

OR

5. (a) Implement the following Boolean function with 8:1 multiplexer. L3 5M
 $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,2,6,10,12,13)$

- (b) Simplify the following expression using the K-map and implement with L3 5M
 NAND - NAND logic $Y = \sum m(0,1,3,5)$

UNIT - III

6. (a) Convert S-R flip flop into JK-flip flop. Draw and explain the logic diagram. L2 6M
 (b) Explain below with neat sketch L1 4M
 (i) Ring counter (ii) Twisted ring counter

OR

7. (a) Design MOD-10 Asynchronous counter by using T-Flip flop L3 6M
 (b) Explain Parallel in Parallel out Register and Series in Parallel out Register L2 4M

UNIT - IV

8. (a) Write the electrical characteristic comparison between TTL, ECL and CMOS L1 6M
 (b) Design CMOS NOT gate. L2 4M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY; PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ANALOG CIRCUITS
 (ECE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

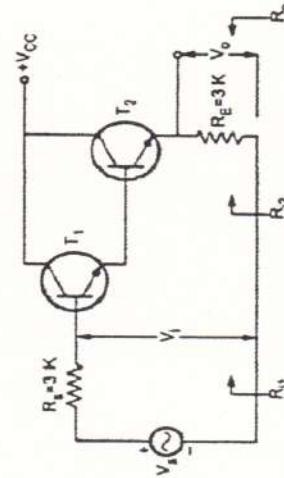
1. Answer the following: (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)
- Mention the advantages of Darlington Fair amplifier.
 - Compare the performance of various feedback amplifiers.
 - In a tuned amplifier, $L = 100\text{mH}$ and $C = 100\text{pF}$. Determine its resonant frequency.
 - List the characteristics of an ideal OPAMP.
 - What is Sallen-Key Filter?

PART-B**(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. A BJT has $g_m=38\text{mhos}$, $r_{be}=5.9\text{k}\Omega$, $\beta_{ac}=6\text{k}\Omega$, $r_{ab}=100\text{G}\Omega$, $C_{ab}=12\text{pF}$, $C_{bc}=63\text{pF}$ and $\beta_{dc}=224$ at 1KHz . Calculate α , β , cut off frequencies and f_T . Also draw the hybrid pi model of BJT.

OR

3. For the circuit shown in Fig. Calculate R_i , A_i , A_v and R_o if the h parameters are $h_{ie}=1.1\text{K}\Omega$, $h_{fe}=50$, $h_{oe}=25\mu\text{A/V}$, $h_{re}=2.5 \times 10^{-4}$

**UNIT - II**

4. With the help of a neat circuit diagram, discuss Hartley oscillator using BJT and also derive the expression for the frequency of oscillation.

OR

5. An amplifier has voltage gain with feedback of 100. If the gain without feedback changes by 20% and the gain with feedback should not vary more than 2%, determine the value of open loop gain A and feedback ratio β .

UNIT - III
 Draw the circuit diagram of push pull class B amplifier and explain its working principle. L1 10M

OR
 A class A power amplifier has zero signal collector current of 100mA. If the collector supply voltage is 5V, determine a) Maximum a.c power output b) Power rating of transistor c) Maximum collector efficiency.
UNIT - IV

Draw the circuit diagram of an ideal and practical integrator. Derive the expression for their voltage gain.
OR
 Explain the Schmitt Trigger with neat circuit diagram, input and output waveforms.

UNIT - V
 With a neat diagram of second order high pass active filter, derive the expressions for its transfer function. Also discuss the steps to design a wide band reject filter.

UNIT - VI
 The basic step of a 9 bit DAC is 10.3 mV. If 000000000 represents 0Volts, what is the output for an input of 101101111? Also discuss R-2R ladder DAC with a suitable diagram.

OR

- | | | |
|-----------------|--|----------------------|
| 9. | (a) Explain in detail about TTL to CMOS interfacing
(b) Design TTL NAND gate. | L1 5M
L2 5M |
| UNIT - V | | |
| 10. | (a) Compare the three PLA, PAL and PROM.
(b) Explain about CAM and CCD. | L1 6M
L2 4M |
| 11. | Implement the following function using PLA
$A(x,y,z) = \Sigma m(1,2,4,6)$, $B(x,y,z) = \Sigma m(0,1,6,7)$, $C(x,y,z) = \Sigma m(2,6)$ | L4 10M |

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech. II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022
PROBABILITY STATISTICS & NUMERICAL METHODS
(EEE)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. (a) If $P(A^c) = \frac{3}{8}$, $P(B^c) = \frac{1}{2}$ and $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$ then find $P\left(\frac{A}{B}\right)$.

(b) Define Poisson distribution.

(c) If the weights of 6 competitors in a game are 58,62,56,63,55,61 kgs. Then find arithmetic mean of weight of competitors.

(d) Construct a forward difference table for the function $y = x^3$ for $x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$.

(e) Write the standard five-point formula

PART-B(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)**UNIT - I**

2. Two dice are thrown. Let X assign to each point (a, b) in S the maximum of its numbers i.e., $X(a, b) = \max(a, b)$. Find the probability distribution. X is a random variable with $X(S) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. Also find the mean and variance of the distribution.

OR

3. Probability density function of a random variable X is $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \sin x, & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

Find the mean, mode and median of the distribution and also find the probability between 0 and $\frac{\pi}{2}$.

UNIT - II

4. (a) Out of 800 families with 5 children each, how many would you expect to have (i) 3 boys (ii) 5 girls (iii) either 2 or 3 boys? Assume equal probabilities for boys and girls.

(b) If two dice are thrown five times, then find the probability of getting 7 as sum (i) at least once (ii) $p(1 < x < 5)$.

OR

5. In a sample of 1000 cases, the mean of certain test is 14 and standard deviation is 2.5. Assuming the distribution to be normal find (i) how many students score between 12 and 15. (ii) How many students score above 18? (iii) How many students score below 18?

- UNIT - III**
6. Compute the first four central moments to the following data and also find Sheppard's correction, β_1 and β_2 :

Class intervals	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
frequency	2	8	12	40	20	15	3
y							

OR

(i) Calculate correlation coefficient to the following data:

X	10	15	12	17	13	16	24	14	22	20
Y	30	42	45	46	33	34	40	35	39	38
Y	62	78	65	70	38	54	60	32	31	

(ii) Obtain the rank correlation coefficient for the following data:

X	48	60	72	62	56	40	39	52	30
Y	62	78	65	70	38	54	60	32	31

UNIT - IV7. Find a real root of the equation $xe^x - \cos x = 0$ using Newton-Raphson method.**OR**8. Find $\int e^x dx$ by Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule with 10 sub divisions.9. (i) Compute $\int_0^4 x^2 \log x dx$ using trapezoidal rule and Simpson's rule by taking 10 sub divisions.(ii) Compute $\int_x^7 x^2 \log x dx$ using trapezoidal rule and Simpson's rule by taking 10 sub divisions.**UNIT - V**

10. Using Taylor's series method find an approximate value of y at $x = 0.2$ for the D.E $y' - 2y = 3e^x$, $y(0) = 0$. Compare the numerical solution obtained with exact solution.

OR

11. Evaluate the function $u(x, y)$ satisfying $\nabla^2 u = 0$ at the pivotal points given the boundary values as follows:

1000	1000	1000	1000
2000	u₁	u₂	500
2000	u₃	u₄	0
1000	500	0	0

12. Evaluate the function $u(x, y)$ satisfying $\nabla^2 u = 0$ at the pivotal points given the boundary values as follows:

1000	1000	1000	1000
2000	u₁	u₂	500
2000	u₃	u₄	0
1000	500	0	0

13. 5M+
5M

Time: 3 hours

PART-A(Answer all Three units, $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)**UNIT - I**

1. Explain the following networks

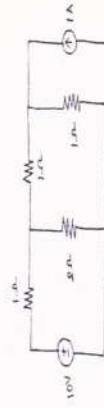
- (a) Resistive networks
(b) Inductive networks

OR

2. (a) Explain the Capacitive networks.
(b) Define and Explain about ohms law.

UNIT - II

3. (a) State super position theorem.
(b) Calculate the current in 2Ω resistor in the fig. using super position theorem



OR

4. (a) State Norton's theorem.
(b) Find Norton's equivalent circuit across AB for the circuit shown in below.

**UNIT - III**

5. (a) Derive Torque equation of dc motor.
(b) The counter emf of Shunt motor is 227 volts the field resistance is 160Ω and field current 1.5A if the line current is 36.5A find the armature resistance also find armature current when the motor is stationary.

OR

6. A 220V shunt motor takes a total current of 80A and runs at 800 r.p.m. Shunt field resistance and armature resistance are 50Ω and 0.1Ω respectively. If iron and friction losses amount to 1600W. find (i) Copper losses (ii)Armature torque (iii)Shaft torque (iv)Efficiency.

PART- B
(Answer all Three units, $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)

UNIT - I

1. Explain the operation of forward biased and reverse biased PN junction Diode

Briefly explain about avalanche and zener breakdown

UNIT - II

2. Draw and explain the input and output characteristics of a transistor in CE configuration.

UNIT - II

3. Derive the expression for A_I , A_V , R_i and R_o for CB amplifier using h-parameter model.

UNIT - III

4. Explain with the help of neat diagrams, the structure of an N-channel FET and its Volt-ampere characteristics. In what ways it is different from a bipolar transistor

UNIT - III

5. Describe the construction and explain the operation of depletion mode MOSFET. Also draw the static characteristics

Max.Marks: 60

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Max.Marks: 60

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS
 (ECE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10$ Marks)

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| (a) Write a short note on external noise sources. | L2 | 2M |
| (b) Define modulation index | L1 | 2M |
| (c) Write short notes on Synchronous detection for SSB-SC. | L1 | 2M |
| (d) Write Shannon's algorith | L1 | 2M |
| (e) What are the advantages of super heterodyning | L1 | 2M |

PART- B**(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. (a) Draw the waveforms and spectrum of Amplitude Modulation (AM) for an arbitrary baseband signal $x(t)$. L2 5M
 (b) With necessary expressions, Explain single-tone AM. L2 5M

OR

3. (a) Derive an expression for SSB-SC wave using the concept of pre-envelope. L4 6M
 (b) The total power content of AM signal is 1kW. Determine the power being transmitted at the carrier frequency and each of the sidebands when the %modulation is 100. L3 4M

UNIT - II

4. (a) Expand the expression for FM signal in terms of Bessel functions. L1 6M
 (b) Explain the generation of FM using direct method. L1 4M

OR

5. (a) Write short note on Pre-Emphasis and De-Emphasis circuits. L1 6M
 (b) Explain non-linear effects in FM system L2 4M

UNIT - III

6. (a) Write a short note on external noise sources. L2 5M
 (b) Describe thermal noise and shot noise. L3 5M

OR

7. Obtain the expression for figure of merit of AM(DSB-FC) system. L3 10M

UNIT - IV

8. (a) Explain about frequency division multiplexing L2 5M
 (b) Explain about Time division multiplexing L2 5M

OR

9. With a neat sketch, explain the detection/demodulation of pulse duration modulation L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. (a) Explain the Super-heterodyne FM receiver L1 5M
 (b) Describe the disadvantage of Super-heterodyne FM receiver L1 5M

OR

11. (a) Write short notes on measures of information and entropy L3 5M
 (b) Derive the expression for the condition of maximum entropy L4 5M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY; PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY
 (CSE)

Time: 3 hours

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. (a) Write about relations on sets.

(b) List out the identities of Regular expression.

(c) State Arden's theorem

(d) Define Mealy machine and Moore machine

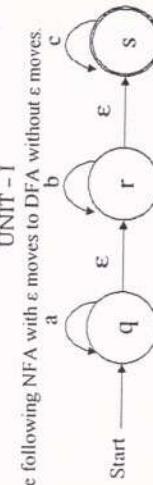
(e) Define Ambiguous grammar

PART-B

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Convert the following NFA with ϵ moves to DFA without ϵ moves.



OR

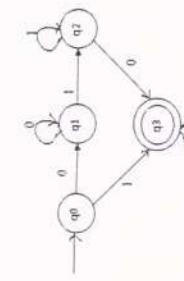
3. (a) Design DFA which accepts even number of 0's over {0,1}

(b) Explain Chomsky Hierarchy

UNIT - II

4. (a) Prove $R = Q + RP$ has unique solution, $R = QP^*$

- (b) Explain about the Arden's theorem, for constructing the RE from a FA with an example



OR

5. Prove that the language $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 1\}$ is not regular using pumping lemma.

UNIT - III

6. (a) Find the parse tree for generating the string 11001010 from the given grammar.
 $S \rightarrow IB/0A$
 $A \rightarrow I/IS/0AA$
 $B \rightarrow 0/OS/IBB$

- (b) Explain about derivation and parse trees? Construct the string 0100110 from the Leftmost and Rightmost derivation.

Max.Marks: 60

OR

7. What is meant by simplifying grammar? Remove the Unit productions from the following Grammar.
 $S \rightarrow aSb, S \rightarrow A, A \rightarrow cAd, A \rightarrow cd$

UNIT - IV

8. (a) Construct a PDA which recognizes all strings that contain equal number of 0's and 1's.
 (b) A PDA is more powerful than a finite automaton. Justify this statement.

9. Construct a PDA to accept the language $L = \{a^n b^{2n} \mid n \geq 1\}$ by empty store and final state.

10. Explain conversion of regular Expression to TM with example.

11. Design a Turing Machine to accept the set of all palindrome over {0,1}*. Draw the Transition diagram for the same

UNIT - V

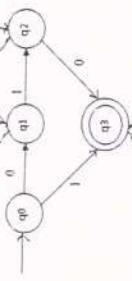
12. A PDA is more powerful than a finite automaton. Justify this statement.
 OR
 13. Explain conversion of regular Expression to TM with example.

UNIT - VI

14. Design a Turing Machine to accept the set of all palindrome over {0,1}*. Draw the Transition diagram for the same

UNIT - VII

15. Explain about the Arden's theorem, for constructing the RE from a FA with an example



OR

16. Prove that the language $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 1\}$ is not regular using pumping lemma.

Max.Marks: 60

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
PROBABILITY THEORY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES
(ECE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) State Baye's Theorem. L4 2M
- (b) State Central Limit Theorem? L4 2M
- (c) Define WSS random process. L1 2M
- (d) Write some properties of auto Power density Spectrum? L4 2M
- (e) Write on a brief note on auto correlation function of output response? L1 2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)****UNIT - I**

2. (a) Define the following with examples. L1 5M
 i. Sample space ii. Event iii. Mutually exclusive events. iv. Independent events.
- (b) Two cards are drawn from a 52-card deck. L1 5M
 i. Given the first card is queen, what is the probability that the second is also a queen?

OR

3. (a) Explain the different types of random variables. L1 5M
 (b) Discuss Rayleigh and exponential distribution function. L1 5M

UNIT - II

4. (a) Discuss the properties of conditional distribution function. L4 5M
 (b) If the joint PDF of two-dimensional random variable (x, y) is given by:
 $f_{x,y}(x,y) = 2;$ for $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x$
 $= 0;$ otherwise L6 5M

OR

5. The joint pdf is given as $f_{x,y}(x,y) = e^{-(2x+y)}$ for $x \geq 0$ and $y \geq 0.$ Find (a) the value of A and (b) the marginal density functions. L6 10M

UNIT - III

6. What is ACF? State and explain the properties of ACF? L1 10M

OR

7. Explain about first order, second, wide-sense and strict sense stationary process. L1 10M

UNIT - IV

8. (a) Briefly explain the concept of cross power density spectrum. L1 5M
 (b) Find the cross correlation of functions $\sin \omega t$ and $\cos \omega t.$ L6 5M

OR

9. State and prove properties of PDS L4 10M

UNIT - V

10. (a) Derive the relation between PSDs of input and output random process of an LTI system. L4 5M
 (b) Discuss about cross correlation between the input X (t) and output Y (t). L4 5M

11. Write notes on: (a) Band Pass random process.
 (b) Band limited random process
 (c) Narrow band random process. L1 10M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022

ELECTRICAL MACHINES-II

(EEE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| (a) What is meant by crawling? | L2 | 2M |
| (b) What are the types of poly phase IM? | L1 | 2M |
| (c) Define slip of induction motor? | L1 | 2M |
| (d) What is Cogging in an induction motor? | L1 | 2M |
| (e) Define load angle and phase angle | L1 | 2M |

PART- B

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Explain Scott Connection or T-T Connection of three phase transformers in detail L2 10M
OR
 3. State and explain the various conditions of parallel operation of three-phase transformers L4 10M

UNIT - II

4. Explain the production of rotating magnetic field and prove that resultant flux is equal to 1.5 times of maximum flux with phasor diagrams L2 10M
OR
 5. Explain the equivalent circuit of 3-phase induction motor with schematic diagram and draw phasor diagram L2 10M

UNIT - III

6. Explain the procedure to construct circle diagram to find performance characteristics of three phase induction motor. L2 10M
OR
 7. A 3-phase,6-pole,50Hz induction motor takes 60A at full-load speed of 940rpm and develops a torque of 150 N-m. The starting current at rated voltage is 300A. What is the starting torque? If a star/delta starter is used, determine the starting torque and starting current. L3 10M

UNIT - IV

8. Explain the principle of operation of synchronous generator and draw its equivalent circuit. L2 10M

OR

9. Draw the phasor diagram of Salient Pole Synchronous Machine and explain the concept of direct axis reactance and quadrature axis reactance. L4 10M

UNIT - V

10. What is meant by synchronization of alternators? Discuss any two methods of synchronization of alternator L2 10M

OR

11. Briefly discuss about the starting methods of synchronous motor with suitable diagrams L2 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July- 2022
MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS & FINANCIAL ANALYSIS
 (ECE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
- (a) Define Elasticity of demand.
 - (b) Define Break-even point.
 - (c) What is Monopolistic competition?
 - (d) What is working capital?
 - (e) What is a Balance sheet?

L1	2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)****UNIT - I**

2. What is Managerial Economics? Define the scope of Managerial Economics? L3 10M

OR

3. Define the law of demand. What are their exceptions? L3 10M

UNIT - II

4. Define production function and explain it. L2 10M

OR

5. Explain Iso-quant and Iso-cost curves and state characteristics. L3 10M

UNIT - III

6. What are different methods of pricing followed by companies? L2 10M

OR

7. What is Perfect Competition? Describe its features. L3 10M

UNIT - IV

8. The cost of a project is Rs.50,000 which has an expected life of 5 years. The cash inflows for next 5 years are Rs.24,000; Rs.26,000; Rs.20,000; Rs.17000 and Rs.16,000 respectively. Determine the Payback period. L2 10M

OR

9. Explain the methods of capital budgeting in detail. L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. What is meant by Ratio analysis? Explain briefly about various types of ratios L3 10M

OR

11. What is journal? Give the points of distinction between journal and ledger. L3 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING
 (CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
- Explain the importance of java Bytecode? L1 2M
 - Define class and object? L4 2M
 - What is finally class? L1 2M
 - List two Event Handling Mechanisms? L1 2M
 - What is a socket? L1 2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)****UNIT - I**

2. Explain about the Iteration Statements with an example. L3 10M

OR

3. Write a Java program to read and display the array elements. L3 10M

UNIT - II

4. a. What is a Class, Method and Object? Write the syntax to define these in java L2 5M
 b. What is a Constructor? Explain types of Constructors in Java? Write a java program to find the Area of Circle using Constructor. L2 5M

OR

5. Write a java program to find the factorial value of the given number using user defined package concept. L3 10M

UNIT - III

6. Write a java program to create own exception for NegativeValueException if the user enter negative value. L1 10M

OR

7. a. What is a String? Explain different String declarations with an example. L2 5M
 b. Write a java program to check the given string is palindrome or not L3 5M

UNIT - IV

8. Explain about Delegation Event Model in Event Handling with example. L2 10M

OR

9. Write a java swing program to find the sum of two numbers L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. Write a java program to implement simple client and server program. L1 10M

11. Explain about Prepared Statement in JDBC. L4 10M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022

**SIGNALS & SYSTEMS
(EEE)**

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- | | | |
|---|----|----|
| (a) How the signals are classified? | L1 | 2M |
| (b) What is Fourier series | L1 | 2M |
| (c) Define impulse response of a system. | L1 | 2M |
| (d) What is convolution? State the shift property of convolution. | L1 | 2M |
| (e) What are the properties of ROC. | L1 | 2M |

PART- B

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. What are the basic operations on signals? Illustrate with an example. L1 10M

OR

3. Explain the classification of signals in both continuous time and discrete time with suitable examples. L2 10M

UNIT - II

4. State and Prove any Five Properties of the Fourier Series. L3 10M

OR

5. State and Prove the properties of Continuous time Fourier transform? L4 10M

UNIT - III

6. (a) Derive the transfer function and impulse response of an LTI system. L1 5M

- (b) Define Linear time variant, Linear time-invariant, step response of the system. L2 5M

OR

7. State and prove the sampling theorem for the band-limited signals with the help of graphical representation. L1 10M

UNIT - IV

8. (a) Derive the relation between convolution and correlation. L2 5M

- (b) Write the properties of cross correlation for energy signals L1 5M

OR

9. Explain the extraction of a signal from noise by filtering. L3 10M

UNIT - V

10. State and prove the any five Properties Laplace Transform L3 10M

11. (a) State and prove initial and final value theorems of Z-transform? L3 5M

- (b) Using the Properties of Z-transform. Find the Z-transform of following signals L1 5M

$$(i) x(n)=u(-n) \quad (ii) x(n)=2^n u(n-2) \quad (iii) 2(3)^n u(-n)$$

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022

BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS

(ECE & CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) Define the autotrophs & heterotrophs. L1 2M
- (b) What is meiosis? L4 2M
- (c) What are polysaccharides? L1 2M
- (d) Distinguish between DNA and RNA? L1 2M
- (e) Define photo systems? L1 2M

PART- B

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. (a) Draw ultra structure of Prokaryotic cell. L3 5M
 (b) Compare the characteristics of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell. L4 5M

OR

3. Draw labeled diagram of Animal cell as seen in Electron microscope. L3 10M
 Comment on functions of cell organelles.

UNIT - II

4. Define gene Interaction. Give brief account on Dominant Epistasis with suitable example. L2 10M

OR

5. Explain Meiosis with diagrammatic representation. L3 10M

UNIT - III

6. Describe the enzyme action and kinetics? L1 10M

OR

7. Biological classification of amino acids and their importance. L3 10M

UNIT - IV

8. Explain about Genetic material of DNA? L2 10M

OR

9. Discuss the functions & Structure of Proteins? L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. Illustrate step by step process in Glycolysis. L1 10M

OR

11. Write a note on sterilization and various techniques used. L4 10M

SIDDARTH A INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY:PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
NUMERICAL METHODS, PROBABILITY & STATISTIC
 (CE & ME)

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

[UNIT-I]

- 1 Find a positive root of $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$ correct to two decimal places by Bisection method

OR

- 2 From the following table values of x and $y = \tan x$. Interpolate values of y when $x=0.12$ and $x=0.28$.

x	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30
y	0.1003	0.1511	0.2027	0.2553	0.3093

[UNIT-II]

- 3 Tabulate $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.3)$ using Taylor's series method given that $y^1 = y^2 + x$ and $y(0) = 1$

OR

- 4 Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ by i) Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3rd Rule
 ii) Simpson's 3/8th Rule

[UNIT-III]

- 5 a) Find the median to the following data

Class Intervals	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90
Frequency	5	12	23	8	2

[UNIT-IV]

- b) Find arithmetic mean to the following data

X	1	2	3	4	5
F	5	8	10	12	6

OR

- 6 Compute the first four central moments to the following data and also find Sheppard's correction, γ_1 and γ_2

Class Intervals	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Frequency	2	8	12	40	20	15	3

[UNIT-IV]

- 7 Two dice are thrown. Let X assign to each point (a, b) in S the maximum of its numbers i.e., $X(a, b) = \max(a, b)$. Find the probability distribution. X is a random variable with $X(s) = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]$. Also find the mean and variance of the distribution.

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN
(EEE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- | | | |
|----|---|----------------------|
| 1 | Explain about Logic gates with symbols and truth tables. | L1 12M |
| OR | | |
| 2 | a) Simplify the following Boolean functions to minimum number of literals
(i) $xyz + x'y + xyz'$. (ii) $xz + x'yz$.
b) Simplify the following Boolean functions to minimum number of literals:
$F = ABC + ABC' + A'B$ | L3 6M
L3 6M |

UNIT-II

- | | | |
|----|---|----------------------|
| 3 | Minimize the following Boolean function using K-Map.
$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14)$. | L2 12M |
| OR | | |
| 4 | a) Simplify the following expression using the K-map for the 3-variable.
$Y = AB'C + A'BC + A'B'C + A'B'C' + AB'C'$
b) Simplify the following Boolean expressions using K-map.
$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(1, 3, 7, 11, 15) + \Sigma d(0, 2, 5)$ | L3 6M
L3 6M |

UNIT-III

- | | | |
|---|---|-----------|
| 5 | What is combinational logic circuit? Give the analysis procedure for combinational logic circuit. | L5 12M |
|---|---|-----------|

OR

- | | | |
|---|--|-----------|
| 6 | Design 32:1 Mux using two 16:1 Muxes and one 2:1 Mux | L5 12M |
|---|--|-----------|

UNIT-IV

- | | | |
|---|--|-----------|
| 7 | What is Register? Explain i) Parallel in Parallel out Register
ii) Series in Parallel out Register | L3 12M |
|---|--|-----------|

OR

- | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|
| 8 | a) Draw the logic diagram for D Flip Flop by using SR Flip Flop Explain the operation with truth table.
b) Write the differences between combinational and sequential circuits. | L1 7M
L2 5M |
|---|--|----------------------|

UNIT-V

- | | | |
|----|--|-----------|
| 9 | Explain about Mealy and Moore Models of sequential machines. | L3 12M |
| OR | | |
| 10 | Implement PLA circuit for the following functions. | L3 12M |

$$F1(A, B, C) = \Sigma m(3, 5, 6, 7), \quad F2(A, B, C) = \Sigma m(0, 2, 4, 7).$$

ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

(ECE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**UNIT-I**

1. With the help of necessary circuit diagrams and approximations, deduce the expression for CE short circuit current gain and derive the relation between f_β and f_T . L4 12M

OR

2. a) Sketch the Hybrid-Pi model and explain the significance of each and every component in it. L3 6M
 b) Deduce the expression for Emitter diffusion capacitance of CE transistor at high frequency. L4 6M

UNIT-II

3. Deduce the expressions of Gain, input and output resistances for a Voltage Shunt feedback amplifier. L4 12M

OR

4. a) Explain in detail about basic Amplifiers used in Feedback amplifiers. L2 6M
 b) Explain Feedback amplifier topologies with necessary diagram. L2 6M

UNIT-III

5. a) Construct RC phase shift oscillator using BJT and deduce its expression for frequency of oscillations. L4 6M
 b) Determine the frequency of oscillations when a RC phase shift oscillator has $R=100\text{ k}\Omega$, $C=0.01\mu\text{F}$ and $R_C = 2.2\text{ K}\Omega$. Also find the minimum current gain needed for this purpose. L3 6M

OR

6. Establish the condition for sustained oscillations for Hartley and Colpitts oscillator with suitable equations. L3 12M

UNIT-IV

7. The loudspeaker of $8\text{ }\Omega$ is connected to the secondary of the output transformer of a Class A amplifier. The quiescent collector current is 140 mA. The turns ratio of transformer is 3:1. The collector supply voltage is 10 V. If ac power delivered to the loudspeaker is 0.48 W, assuming ideal transformer, Determine (i) AC power developed across primary, (ii) RMS value of load voltage, (iii) RMS value of primary voltage, (iv) RMS value of load current, (v) RMS value of primary current, (vi) DC power input, (vii) efficiency and (viii) power dissipation. L3 12M

OR

8. a) Discuss the stability considerations of a tuned amplifier. L2 6M
 b) Compare different types of tuned amplifiers. L2 6M

UNIT-V

9. With neat diagram, explain the Emitter Coupled Astable multivibrator, and derive the expression for frequency. L3 12M

OR

10. a) Explain briefly the operation of Bistable multivibrator with neat circuit diagram. L2 6M
 b) Compare Astable and Monostable multivibrators. L4 6M

SIDDARTH A INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
DISCRETE MATHEMATICS
 (CSE)

Time: 5 Hours

Answer one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 What is principle disjunctive normal form? Obtain the FDNF of $P \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow Q) \wedge \neg(Q \vee \neg P))$ and also Obtain PCNF of $(\neg P \rightarrow R) \wedge (Q \leftrightarrow P)$

OR

- 2 a) Define NAND, NOR & XOR and give their truth tables.
 b) Show that $((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow Q) \Rightarrow P \vee Q$ without constructing truth table.

UNIT-II

- 3 Define Equivalence class. Determine A/R when $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and let $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 3), (3, 3), (4, 4)\}$ be an equivalence relation on R ?

OR

- 4 a) Define an equivalence relation? If R be a relation in the set of integers Z defined by $R = \{(x, y) : x \in Z, y \in Z, (x - y) \text{ is divisible by } 6\}$
 Then prove that R is an equivalence relation.

- b) Define a binary relation with an example. Let R be the relation from the set A = {1, 3, 4} on itself and defined by R = {(1, 1), (1, 3), (3, 3), (4, 4)} the find the matrix of R draw the graph of R.

UNIT-III

- 5 a) Applying pigeon hole principle show that if any 14 integers are selected from the set $S = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 25\}$ there are at least two whose sum is 26.
 Also write a statement that generalizes this result

- b) Find the minimum number of students in a class to be sure that 4 out of them are born on the same month.

OR

- 6 a) A Survey among 100 students shows that of the three ice cream flavors vanilla, chocolate, straw berry. 50 students like vanilla, 43 like chocolate, 28 like straw berry, 13 like vanilla and chocolate, 11 like chocolate and straw berry, 12 like straw berry and vanilla and 5 like all of them. Find the following.
1. Chocolate but not straw berry
 2. Chocolate and straw berry but not vanilla
 3. Vanilla or chocolate but not straw berry

- b) Out of 80 students in a class, 60 play foot ball, 53 play hockey and 35 both the games. How many students (i) do not play of these games? (ii) Play only hockey but not foot ball

UNIT-IV

- 7 Find the sequence generated by the following generating functions

$$(i) (2x - 3)^3 \quad (ii) \frac{x^4}{1-x}$$

Also Find the coefficient of x^{20} in $(x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6)^5$?**UNIT-V**

Max. Marks: 60

a) Solve the recurrence relation using generating functions

 $a_n - 9a_{n-1} + 20a_{n-2} = 0$ for $n \geq 2$ and $a_0 = -3, a_1 = -10$ b) Solve the recurrence relation $a_r = a_{r-1} + a_{r-2}$ Using generating function.

L2 6M

L3 6M

L3 12M

UNIT-Va) Find the chromatic polynomial & chromatic number for $K_{3,3}$

b) Define Spanning tree and explain the algorithm for Breadth First Search (BFS) traversal of a graph with suitable example

OR

a) Show that in any graph the number of odd degree vertices is even.

b) Is the following pairs of graphs are isomorphic or not?

UNIT-V

L3 6M

L3 6M

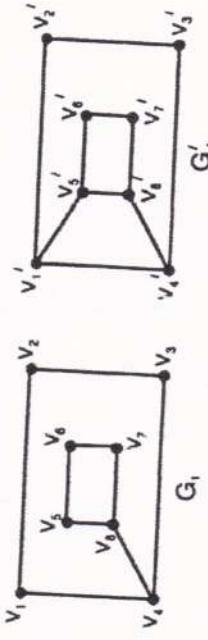
L3 12M

L2 6M

L2 6M

L3 6M

L3 6M



SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July 2022

FLUID MECHANICS
(CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 The space b/w two square parallel plates filled with oil. Each side of the plate is 60 cm. The thickness of oil film is 12.5. The upper plate which moves at 2.5m/sec requires a force 98.1 N to maintain the speed. Determine kinetic viscosity of the oil. If the specific gravity of the oil 0.95 and dynamic viscosity of oil

OR

- 2 Find the volume of water displaced and center of buoyance for a wooden block of width 2.5 m and depth 1.5 m. when it floats horizontally in water. The density of wooden block is 650 kg/m³ and its length is 6m.

UNIT-II

- 3 Explain about the stream function with definition in Two-dimensional flow and polar co-ordinates. Also write its properties

OR

- 4 A 30 cm dia. pipe conveying water branches into two pipes of dia. 20 cm and 15 cm respectively. If the average velocity in the 30 cm dia. pipe is 2.5 m/s. Find the discharge in this pipe. Also determine the velocity in 15 cm pipe. If the average velocity in 20 cm diameter pipe is 2 m/s.

UNIT-III

- 5 A vertical wall of 8m in height. A jet of water is carrying out from a nozzle with a velocity of 20 m/s. The nozzle is situated at a distance of 20m from the vertical wall. Find the angle of projection of the nozzle to the horizontal so that the jet of water just clears the top of wall.

OR

- 6 Derive the expression of discharge over a Triangular notch or Weir (V-NOTCH).

UNIT-IV

- 7 A horizontal pipe line 40m long is connected to the water tank at one end and discharges freely into the atmosphere at the other end. For the first 25 m of its length from the tank pipe is 150mm and its dia is suddenly enlarged to 300mm. the height of water level in the tank is 8m above the center of pipe considering all losses of head which cover occur. Determine the rate of flow. Take $f = 0.01$, for both sections of the pipe?

OR

- 8 A crude oil of kinematic viscosity 0.4 stoke is flowing through a pipe of dia 300mm at the rate of 300 lit/s. find the head lost due to friction for a length of 50m of the pipe

UNIT-V

- 9 Derive the equation for i) velocity distribution and ii) ratio of maximum velocity to average velocity

OR

- 10 a) Define turbulent flow. What are the causes of turbulent flow
b) derive the equation for pressure drop in laminar flow

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July 2022
ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS
 (MECHANICAL)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60
 Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**[UNIT-I]**

- 1 a) Describe Pressure, Temperature, Enthalpy and Internal energy.
 b) Show that work is a path function and not a property.

OR

- 2 a) Explain Zeroth law of thermodynamics.
 b) During a heating process, the temperature of a system rises by 10°C . Express this rise in temperature in K, ${}^\circ\text{F}$, and R.

[UNIT-II]

- 3 a) A tank containing air is stirred by a paddle wheel. The work input to the paddle wheel is 9000 kJ and the heat transferred to the surroundings from the tank is 3000 kJ.

Determine : (i) Work done ;

(ii) Change in internal energy of the system

- b) What is Steady Flow Process? Derive Steady Flow Energy Equation(SFEE)
 for an open system

OR

- 4 Two reversible heat engines A and B are arranged in series."A" rejects heat directly into B'. Engine receives 200kJ at a temperature of 421°C from a hot source while engine B is communication with cold sink at a temperature of 44°C .If work output of A is twice that of B. Find(i)The intermediate temperature between A and B. (ii) The efficiency of heat engine.(iii)Heat rejected to cold sink.

[UNIT-III]

- 5 A mixture of 2 kg Oxygen and 2 kg Argon is in an insulated piston cylinder arrangement at 100kpas, 300k. the piston now compresses the mixture to half its initial volume. Molecular weight of oxygen is 32 and for argon is 40. Ratio of specific heats for oxygen is 1.39 and for argon is 1.667.Find the following (i) Final Pressure,(ii)Final temperature, (iii) Piston work.

OR

- 6 a) 10 kg of gas at 10 bar and 400°C expands reversibly and adiabatically to 1 bar. Find the final temperature, work done and change in internal energy.
 b) Derive the Work done equation for adiabatic process

[UNIT-IV]

- 7 a) Develop the expression for air standard efficiency of an Otto cycle.
 b) A carnot engine working between 400°C and 40°C produce 130 kJ of work. Determine i) The thermal efficiency. ii) the heat added iii) The entropy changes during the heat rejection process.

- 8 a) Show the phase equilibrium diagram for a pure substance H-S plot with relevant constant property line.

OR

- b) A steam at 10 bar and 0.85 dry expands accordingly to the law of Constant to final pressure of 1 bar find the final volume, final enthalpy and final entropy.

[UNIT-V]

- 9 a) Explain the Rankine cycle with PV and TS diagrams.
 b) A simple Rankine cycle, steam power plant operating between the temperature of 260°C and 95°C . The steam is supplied to the turbine at a dry saturated condition. In the turbine it expands in an isentropic process. Determine the Rankine efficiency.

OR

- 10 In a steam power plant operating on an ideal reheat Rankine cycle, the steam enters the high-pressure turbine at 3 Mpa and 400°C . After expansion to 0.6 Mpa, the steam is reheated to 400°C and then expanded the low pressure turbine to the condensor pressure of 10 kPa. Determine the thermal efficiency of the cycle and the quality of the steam at the outlet of the low pressure turbine.

- L1 6M
 L2 6M
 L3 6M
 L4 6M
 L5 6M
 L6 6M
 L7 6M
 L8 6M
 L9 6M
 L10 6M
 L11 6M
 L12 6M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July 2022
ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS
(EEE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 Determine the voltage gain, input and output impedance with feedback for voltage series having $A=-100$, $R_i=10\text{kohm}$, $R_o=10\text{kohm}$ for feedback of i) $\beta=-0.1$ ii) $\beta=-0.5$ L4 12M

OR

- 2 a) An amplifier has open loop gain 1000 and feedback ratio 0.04 if the open loop gain changes by 10% due to temperature find the percentage change in gain of the amplifier feedback L4 6M
 b) Compare and contrast the various types of feedback amplifiers L2 6M

UNIT-II

- 3 Explain Hartley oscillator using BJT and derive the expression for its frequency of oscillations and condition for sustained oscillations L3 12M

OR

- 4 a) Draw the circuit diagram of Colpitts oscillator using BJT and derive the expression for frequency of oscillations L2 6M
 b) Colpitts oscillator is designed with $C_1 = 100 \text{ pF}$ and $C_2 = 7500 \text{ pF}$. The inductance is variable. Determine the range of inductance values, if the frequency of oscillation is to vary between 950 KHz to 2050 KHz L3 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 a) List out the ideal characteristics of an operational amplifier L1 6M
 b) An op-amp has a slew rate of $2V/\mu s$. What is the maximum frequency of an output sinusoid of peak value 5V at which the distortion sets in due to the slew rate limitation L4 6M

OR

- 6 a) Explain dc characteristics of op-amp L2 6M
 b) Define the terms CMRR, common mode gain, differential mode gain and slew rate L1 6M

UNIT-IV

- 7 Draw a neat circuit of an integrator circuit. Explain the functioning with the input-output waveforms and derive the output equation L2 12M

OR

- 8 a) Draw an Astable multi vibrator using op-amp and explain the operation with waveforms L2 6M
 b) Define duty cycle, if $T_{on} = 0.6 \text{ msec}$, $T_{off} = 0.4 \text{ msec}$ calculate percentage of duty cycle L5 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 Design a highpass filter at a cut-off frequency of 10kHz with passband gain 1.5 and plot frequency response of this circuit L3 12M

OR

- 10 a) Draw and explain in detail about R-2R DAC L2 6M
 b) The basic step of a 9-bit DAC is 10.3 mV. If "000000000" represents 0 V. What output is produced if the input is "101101111"? L5 6M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022

**ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS
(ECE)**

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 Draw and explain the function of each block in communication system. L2 12M
Explain the NEED for Modulation.

OR

- 2 a) Elucidate Amplitude modulation for single tone information. L2 6M
b) A modulating signal $10 \sin(2\pi \times 10^3 t)$ is used to modulate a carrier signal $20 \sin(2\pi \times 10^4 t)$. Determine the modulation index, % of modulation index, frequency of sideband components and their amplitudes. What will be the bandwidth of modulated signal?

UNIT-II

- 3 What is DSB-SC Modulation? Explain the time and frequency domain expressions of DSB-SC wave. L2 12M

OR

- 4 a) Explain how Ring Modulator can be used to generating the DSB-SC wave. L2 6M
b) Consider a resultant wave obtained by adding a non-coherent wave $A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$ to a DSB-SC wave $\cos(2\pi f_c t) m(t)$. This composite wave is applied to an ideal envelope detector. Find the resulting detector output. Evaluate this output $\phi=0$.

UNIT-III

- 5 a) With the necessary circuit and voltage to frequency characteristics, explain the functionality of balanced slope detector for FM. L2 6M
b) Explain non-linear effects in FM system. L2 6M

OR

- 6 a) Discuss about the transmission bandwidth of FM signal. L3 6M
b) A 107.76MHz carrier signal is frequency modulated by a 7kHz sine wave. The resultant FM signal has a frequency deviation of 50kHz. Determine carrier swing, highest & lowest frequencies of frequency modulated signal, and modulation index of FM wave. L1 6M

UNIT-IV

- 7 What is heterodyning? Write about different types of super heterodyne Receivers, list out the advantages of super heterodyning. L4 12M

OR

- 8 a) Discuss about different sources of noise. L1 6M
b) What is meant by narrow band noise and explain time domain representation of narrow-band noise. L1 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 With a neat sketch, explain the detection/ demodulation of Pulse Duration Modulation. L2 12M

OR

- 10 a) Explain Entropy, Information rate, Channel capacity theorem, Mutual information. L5 6M
b) Explain Shannon's encoding algorithm. L1 6M

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**UNIT-I**

- 1 a) Analyze and explain with example Chomsky Hierarchy.
b) Design DFA which accepts language $L = \{100, 101\}$.

OR

- 2 a) Define relations on sets and explain its properties with an example.
b) Differences between DFA and NFA with examples.

UNIT-II

- 3 a) Convert the given RG to FA.

$$S \rightarrow aA/bB/a/b$$

$$A \rightarrow aS/bB/b$$

$$B \rightarrow aABs$$

- b) Construct an equivalent FA for the given regular expression.
 $10 + (0 + 11) 0^* 1$

OR

- 4 a) Define Regular expressions. List its Applications.

- b) Compare and prove that the following regular expressions are equivalent.
 $L1 = 1^*(011)^*(1^*(011)^*)^*$
 $L2 = (1+011)^*$

UNIT-III

- 5 a) Describe Simplification of the context free grammar.

- b) Evaluate simplification of the grammar for the following context free grammar.
 $S \rightarrow AaB/aaB$
 $A \rightarrow D$
 $B \rightarrow bbA/\epsilon$
 $D \rightarrow E$
 $E \rightarrow F$
 $F \rightarrow aS$

OR

- 6 a) Remove the unit production from the grammar.
 $S \rightarrow AB$ $A \rightarrow E$ $B \rightarrow C$ $C \rightarrow D$ $D \rightarrow b$ $E \rightarrow a$

- b) Remove ϵ productions from the grammar.
 $S \rightarrow ABaC$ $A \rightarrow BC$ $B \rightarrow b/\epsilon$ $C \rightarrow D/\epsilon$ $D \rightarrow d$

UNIT-IV

- 7 a) A PDA is more powerful than a finite automaton. Justify this statement.
b) Construct a PDA which recognizes all strings that contain equal number of 0's and 1's.

OR

- 8 a) State Push Down Automata.
b) Construct a NPDA to accept the language $L = \{WW^R / W \in (a,b)^*\}$ by empty stack and final state.

9	UNIT-V	
Max. Marks: 60	Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)	
10	a) Differentiate PCP and MPCP. b) Find the PCP solution for the following sets.	L6 12M
		L4 6M
		L5 6M

UNIT-V	
Construct a Turing machine which multiplies two unary numbers.	OR
Find the PCP solution for the following sets.	
A	B
10	101
01	100
0	10
100	0
1	010

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July 2022

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
 (ME)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 Explain the different types of moulding machines with neat sketch and its applications. L2 12M

OR

- 2 a) Discuss the relative advantages and disadvantages of various types of furnaces used in foundry shops L2 6M
 b) With neat sketch explain the construction and working of cupola furnace. L3 6M

UNIT-II

- 3 With neat sketch explain Electron Beam Welding. Give its advantages and disadvantages L3 12M

OR

- 4 a) Explain briefly how can be metals joined using adhesives. L2 6M
 b) Write various fields of applications of adhesives. L2 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 Distinguish hot working and cold working processes in metal working L2 12M

OR

- 6 a) With neat sketch explain magnetic pulse forming process L5 6M
 b) Write short note on peen forming process. L2 6M

UNIT-IV

- 7 What are the secondary finishing operations in powder metallurgy? L2 12M

OR

- 8 What are the production processes of metallic powders? L2 12M

UNIT-V

- 9 Explain the working principles and application of Injection Moulding L3 12M

OR

- 10 a) What are the major considerations in the design of plastic parts? L3 6M
 b) Explain briefly about calendering with neat sketch L3 6M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022

ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS
(EEE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 a) Convert point P (1, 3, 5) from cartesian to cylindrical and spherical co-ordinates system. L3 6M
 b) Given the two points A (X=2, Y=3, Z=-1) and B= (r=4, $\theta=25$ and $\phi=120^\circ$). Find the spherical co-ordinates of A and Cartesian co-ordinates of B L2 6M

OR

- 2 a) Transform the vector field $W=10a_x - 8a_y + 6a_z$ to cylindrical co-ordinate system at pointP (10, -8, 6) L3 6M
 b) Express $B= r^2 a_r + \sin \theta a_\theta$ in the cartesian co-ordinates. Hence obtain B at P (1,2,3) L2 6M

UNIT-II

- 3 a) State and explain Coulomb's law indicating clearly the units of quantities in the equation of force? L3 6M
 b) State and prove Gauss's law and write limitations of Gauss's law? L3 6M

OR

- 4 Given that $A= 30 e^{-r} a_r - 2 z a_z$ in the cylindrical co-ordinates. Evaluate both sides of the divergence theorem for the volume enclosed by $r=2$, $z=0$ and $Z=5$ L2 12M

UNIT-III

- 5 Explain the boundary conditions of two perfect dielectrics materials? L5 12M

OR

- 6 Explain the boundary conditions between conductor and free space? L5 12M

UNIT-IV

- 7 Using Biot-savart's law. Find due conductor of finite length? L3 12M

OR

- 8 Evaluate both sides of the stokes theorem for the filed $H=6xy a_x - 3y^2 a_y$ A/m and the rectangular path around the region $2 < x < 5$, $-1 < y < 1$, $Z=0$. Let the positive direction of d_s be a_z . L4 12M

UNIT-V

- 9 Write Maxwell's equation in good conductors for time varying fields and static fields both indifferential and integral form? L3 12M

OR

- 10 Explain Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction and derive the expression for induced e.m.f? L3 12M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
LINEAR & DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS
(ECE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 Obtain the overall gain for an Instrumentation Amplifier and list out its L3 12M applications.

OR

- 2 Discuss about DC and AC characteristics of an ideal OP-AMP with relevant L3 12M expressions.

UNIT-II

- 3 Explain the operation of a Free running multivibrator using 555 timer and also L3 12M solve the expression for frequency of oscillation.

OR

- 4 a) Draw the circuit of a 1st order low pass Butterworth filter and discuss its transfer functions. L2 6M
b) Explain the principle of operation of RC phase shift oscillator. L2 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 a) Interpret CMOS, TTL and ECL logic families. L5 6M
b) Evaluate the output voltage equation for a R-2R DAC. L5 6M

OR

- 6 a) Estimate the lock range and capture range for IC 565 PLL. L5 6M
b) Explain about counter type ADC with neat block diagram. L2 6M

UNIT-IV

- 7 Describe in detail about the design flow model of VHDL. L1 12M

OR

- 8 a) Explain the significance of time dimension in VHDL. L2 6M
b) Design the logic circuit and write VHDL program for the following function. L3 6M
 $F(X) = \sum A, B, C, D (0, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 13, 15) + d (1, 6, 11).$

UNIT-V

- 9 Draw an 8-bit serial in and serial out shift register and write a VHDL code for it. L3 12M

OR

- 10 a) Illustrate the operation of standard IC for 3X8 decoder with necessary truth table and internal architecture. L3 6M
b) Develop a 8-bit serial in and parallel out shift register. L3 6M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**
B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA
(CSE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**UNIT-I**

- 1 With an example explain about the Iteration Statements L3 12M
OR
 2 a) Define the Java data type. Give the declaration of variable in Java. Write L3 6M
 the rules.
 b) State the Java Selection statements. Give an example to each one. L2 6M

UNIT-II

- 3 Write a Java program to find the factorial value of the given number L3 12M
 using user defined package concept.
OR
 4 What is an abstract class? Explain all the cases to implement abstract L2 12M
 class.

UNIT-III

- 5 a) What is synchronization? How many types? Explain L5 6M
 b) Justify with an example Java program to implement inter thread L5 6M
 communication.
OR
 6 a) What is Multithreading? Illustrate the ways to create multiple threads in L5 6M
 Java.
 b) Explain about Thread Life Cycle. L2 6M

UNIT-IV

- 7 Discuss about the File Input Stream and File Output Stream in Java with L1 12M
 examples.

OR

- 8 a) Explain File operations in Java? L2 4M
 b) Write a Java Program to read a text file and print the number of unique L3 8M
 words.

UNIT-V

- 9 List out the steps for creating simple user Registration form using Java L3 12M
 swing with an example.
OR
 10 a) Explain Lambda Expression. L3 8M
 b) Discuss Functional Interface in Java. L3 4M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY; PTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
THEORY OF MACHINES
 (ME)

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**[UNIT-I]**

- 1 A racing car weighs 20 KN. It has a wheel base of 2 m, track width 1 m and height of C.G. 30 mm above the ground level and lies midway between the front and rear axle. The engine flywheel rotates at 300 r.p.m clockwise when viewed from the front. The moment of inertia of the flywheel is 4 kg-m^2 . Find the reactions between the wheels and the ground when the car takes a curve of 5 m radius towards right: at 30 km/hr. taking into consideration the gyroscopic and the centrifugal effects. Each wheel radius towards radius is 400 mm.

OR

- 2 a) A vertical double steam engine develops 75 KN at 250 r.p.m. the maximum fluctuation of energy is 30 percent of the work done per stroke. The maximum and minimum speeds are not to vary more than 1% on either of the mean speed. Find the mass of the fly wheel required if the radius of gyration is 0.5 meters. 5M (b) The radius of gyration of a fly wheel is 1 meter and the fluctuation of speed is not to exceed 1% of the mean speed of the fly wheel. If the mass of the fly wheel is 3340 kg and the steam engine develops 150 KW at 135 r.p.m. then find 1) Maximum fluctuation of energy, and 2) Coefficient of fluctuation of energy.

- b) The radius of gyration of a fly wheel is 1 meter and the fluctuation of speed is not to exceed 1% of the mean speed of the fly wheel. If the mass of the fly wheel is 3340 kg and the steam engine develops 150 KW at 135 r.p.m. then find 1) Maximum fluctuation of energy, and 2) Coefficient of fluctuation of energy.

[UNIT-II]

- 3 a) A single plate clutch, effective on both sides, is required to transmit 25 kW at 3000 r.p.m. Determine the outer and inner radii of a frictional surface if the coefficient of friction is 0.255, the ratio of radii is 1.25 and the maximum pressure is not to exceed 0.1 N/mm². Also determine the axial thrust to be provided by springs. Assume the theory of uniform wear.
- b) Explain the working of a single-plate clutch with neat sketch.

OR

- 4 a) Describe with sketches one form of torsion dynamometer and explain in detail the calculations involved in finding the power transmitted.
- b) A torsion dynamometer is fitted to a propeller shaft of a marine engine. It is found that the shaft twists 2° in a length of 20 metres at 120 r.p.m. If the shaft is hollow with 400 mm external diameter and 300 mm internal diameter, find the power of the engine. Take modulus of rigidity for the shaft material as 80 GPa.

- 5 a) Derive the expression for Porter governor.
 b) Calculate the vertical height of a Watt governor when it rotates at 60 r.p.m.
 Also find the change in vertical height when its speed increases to 61 r.p.m.

OR

- 6 A Porter governor has all four arms 250 mm long. The upper arms are attached on the axis of rotation and the lower arms are attached to the sleeve at a distance of 30 mm from the axis. The mass of each ball is 5 kg and the sleeve has a mass of 50 kg. The extreme radii of rotation are 150 mm and 200 mm. Determine the range of speed of the governor.

[UNIT-IV]

- 7 A shaft carries four masses A, B, C and D of magnitude 200 kg, 300 kg, 400 kg and 200 kg respectively and revolving at radii 80 mm, 70 mm, 60 mm and 80 mm in planes measured from A at 300 mm, 400 mm and 700 mm. The angles between the cranks measured anticlockwise are A to B 45° , B to C 70° and C to D 120° . The balancing masses are to be placed in planes X and Y. The distance between the planes A and X is 100 mm, between X and Y is 400 mm and between Y and D is 200 mm. If the balancing masses revolve at a radius of 100 mm, find their magnitudes and angular positions.

OR

- 8 a) Derive the following expression of effects of partial balancing in two-cylinder locomotive engine (i) Variation of attractive force (ii) Swaying couple (iii) Hammer blow
 b) Differentiate 'static balancing' and 'dynamic balancing'. State the necessary conditions to achieve them.

[UNIT-V]

- 9 The measurements on a mechanical vibrating system show that it has a mass of 8 kg and that the springs can be combined to give an equivalent spring of stiffness 54 N/mm. If the vibrating system have a dashpot attached which exerts a force of 40 N when the mass has a velocity of 1 m/s, find: 1. critical damping coefficient, 2. damping factor, 3. Logarithmic decrement, and 4. ratio of two consecutive amplitudes.

OR

- 10 a) Derive the natural frequency of Free Transverse Vibrations by (i) Rayleigh's method (ii) Dunkley's method.
 A cantilever shaft 50 mm diameter and 300 mm long has a disc of mass 100 kg at its free end. The Young's modulus for the shaft material is 200 GN/m². Determine the frequency of longitudinal and transverse vibrations of the shaft.

L1**L5****L5****L1****L2****6M****6M****6M****6M**

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
ELECTRICAL MACHINES-II
 (EEE)

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**[UNIT-I]**

- 1 a) Describe briefly the working principle of slip ring induction motor. Explain how its speed control is effected.
 b) Explain the speed torque characteristics of a 3-phase induction motor.

- 2 A 4 pole, 3-phase induction motor operates from a supply whose frequency is 50Hz. Calculate.
 i) the speed at which the magnetic field of the stator is rotating.
 ii) the speed of the rotor when the slip is 0.04
 iii) the frequency of the rotor currents when the slip is 0.03
 iv) the frequency of the rotor currents at standstill.
 vi) speed of the rotor when the slip is unity.

[UNIT-II]

- 3 (a) List various starting methods of three phase induction motors. Explain any one method in detail.
 (b) A cascaded set consists of 2 rotors 4-pole and 6-poles respectively. The supply frequency is 50 Hz. While the frequency in rotor circuit of 6 pole motor is 1Hz. Determine the slip of each machine and combined speed of the set.

OR

- 4 a) Write short notes on Injection of emf into the rotor circuit to control speed.
 b) Summarize the procedure to construct the circle diagram of a 3-phase induction motor.

[UNIT-III]

- 5 a) Derive the emf equation of an alternator.
 b) A 3-phase, 16 pole alternator has a star connected winding with 144 slots and 10 conductors per slot. It is driven at 375 rpm. The line value of emf available across the terminals is observed to be 2.657KV. Find the frequency of the induced emf and flux per pole.

OR

- 6 Draw the phasor diagram of Salient Pole Synchronous Machine and explain the concept of direct axis reactance and quadrature axis reactance.

[UNIT-IV]

- 7 Write a short note on
 i) Synchronous Condenser
 ii) Hunting and elimination of hunting

- 8 a) Explain the principle of operation of a synchronous motor.
 b) Compare between synchronous motor and 3-phase induction motor.

[UNIT-V]

1	a) Describe briefly the working operation of universal motor and list out the applications.	Max. Marks: 60	9	Explain the working operation of universal motor and list out the L2 12M	L2	6M
	b) Explain the speed torque characteristics of a 3-phase induction motor.		10	a) Explain the phasor Diagram of A.C Series Motor. b) A 220V, 500W, 50Hz series motor has a total resistance of 2Ω and total reactance of 20Ω . The full load stray losses and speed are 40W and 500r.p.m. Determine the current taken by the motor and power factor at rated load.	L4	6M

OR**[UNIT-VI]**

Time: 3 Hours

Answer one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

[UNIT-I]

- 1 a) State and explain Coulomb's law. Obtain an expression in vector form
 b) Three Point Charges $Q_1=1 \text{ nc}$, $Q_2=2 \text{ nc}$ and $Q_3=-3 \text{ nc}$ are respectively located at $(0,0,4)$, $(-2,6,1)$ and $(3,-4,-8)$. Calculate the electric force and electric field on Q_1 due to Q_2 and Q_3 .
- 2 a) State and explain Gauss law. Find electric field intensity at a distance 'r' from an infinite line charge using Gauss law
 b) Two point charges, $QA = +8 \mu\text{C}$ and $QB = -5 \mu\text{C}$, are separated by a distance $r = 10 \text{ cm}$. What is the magnitude of the electric force between them?

OR**[UNIT-II]**

- 3 a) Determine the Magnetic Flux Density due to Infinite Sheet of Current.
 b) A Positive Y-axis (Semi Infinite Line with respect to the Origin) Carries a Filamentary Current of 2 A in the -y direction. Assume it is part of a large circuit. Find H at (i) $A(2,3,0)$. (ii) $B(3,12,-4)$.

OR

- 4 a) Explain about Non-Existence of Magnetic Mono Pole.
 b) A Current Distribution gives rise to the vector potential $A = X^2Ya_x + Y^2Xa_y + XYZa_z \text{ web/m}$. Calculate B.

[UNIT-III]

- 5 a) Explain Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction and derive the Expression for Induced EMF.
 b) Prove that one of the Maxwell's equation is $\nabla \times E = -dB/dt$

OR

- 6 a) Prove that one of the Maxwell's equation is $\nabla \times H = J_d + J$.
 b) An antenna radiates in free space and $E = 80 \cos(500t-8z)a_x \text{ V/m}$. Calculate α and β .

[UNIT-IV]

- 7 a) Discuss about Poynting theorem and Poynting vector.
 b) In lossless medium $\eta = 40\pi\mu_r = 1$, $H = 2 \cos(\omega t - z)\hat{a}_x + 5\sin(\omega t - z)\hat{a}_y$. Find ϵ , L_6
 the medium.
- 8 a) Determine the expression for intrinsic impedance and propagation constant in a good conductor.
 b) Given that $E = 40 \cos(10^8 t - 3x)a_y \text{ V/m}$, determine the direction of wave propagation, velocity of the wave, wave length.

[UNIT-V]

- 9 a) Evaluate the equation for voltage and current at any point in a transmission line.
 b) A 50Ω lossless transmission line is terminated on a load impedance of $Z_L = (25 + j50)\Omega$. Use the Smith chart to find.
 i) Voltage reflection coefficient.
 ii) VSWR.
- 10 a) Explain about the Smith chart for finding the SWR and Reflection coefficient.
 b) List out the applications of Smith chart?

Max. Marks: 60
Time: 3 Hours
Answer one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

9 a) Evaluate the equation for voltage and current at any point in a transmission line. OR

b) A 50Ω lossless transmission line is terminated on a load impedance of $Z_L = (25 + j50)\Omega$. Use the Smith chart to find.i) Voltage reflection coefficient.
ii) VSWR.

10 a) Explain about the Smith chart for finding the SWR and Reflection coefficient.

b) List out the applications of Smith chart?

L1 6M
L2 6M
L3 6M
L4 6M
L5 6M
L6 6M
L7 6M
L8 6M

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
OPERATING SYSTEMS
(CSE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**UNIT-I**

- 1 List the different functions of an operating system and discuss the various services provided by an operating system. L4 12M

OR

- 2 a) What is operating system? Explain multiprogramming and time-sharing systems. L1, 6M
 b) Discuss briefly about User and Operating System Interface. L2
 L6 6M

UNIT-II

- 3 Build SJF, Priority CPU Scheduling algorithms for given Problem: L3 12M

Process	P1	P2	P3	P4
Process	8	4	9	5
Time				
Priority	3	2	4	1

OR

- 4 a) With a neat sketch explain process state diagram. L3 6M
 b) Illustrate the criteria for evaluating the CPU scheduling algorithm. L2 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 a) List various methods for handling deadlock. L4 6M
 b) Explain how to recover from deadlock. L2 6M

OR

- 6 a) Write about deadlock and starvation. L3 6M
 b) Write about semaphore. L2 6M

UNIT-IV

- 7 Given page reference string: 1,2,3,2,1,5,2,1,6,2,5,6,3,1,3,6,1,2,4,3. Compare the number of page faults for LRU, FIFO and Optimal page replacement algorithm. L5 12M

OR

- 8 a) What is virtual memory? Discuss the benefits of virtual memory techniques. L1 6M
 b) Write a short note on Disk management. L3 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 Determine basic concepts of cryptography with examples. L5 12M

OR

- 10 a) Explain about access method with Example. L2 6M
 b) List various types of file operations. L4 6M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022

JAVA PROGRAMMING
(Common to EEE, ME, ECE & CSE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 What is an Operator? Explain type of operators in Java with example L3 12M
programs.

OR

- 2 a) Explain History and Evolution of Java. L1 8M
b) What is Byte Code? Interpret the different states of Java Program execution. L1 4M

UNIT-II

- 3 Discuss about the static, final keywords with an example. L1 12M

OR

- 4 a) Create a java program to display “Hello! Java” using Class, Object and Method. L1 6M
b) Give the differences between Abstract class and Interface L2 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 Explain Exception handling fundamentals L2 12M

OR

- 6 Contract in detail about throw and throws statements with examples L1 12M

UNIT-IV

- 7 What is Multithreading? What are the ways to create multiple threads in java. L1 12M

OR

- 8 a) Define String? Explain different String declarations with an example L2 6M
b) Write a java program to check the given string is palindrome or not. L1 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 Explain about Delegation Event Model in Event Handling with example. L2 12M

OR

- 10 a) Difference between AWT and Swings. L1 6M
b) Create a java swing program implement Border Layout. L2 6M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Tech II Year II Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022

FUNDAMENTALS OF URBAN PLANNING

(Common to EEE, ME, ECE & CSE)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer one question from each unit ($5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 Draw a neat sketch of Prastara type town plan and mention various places in it L3 12M

OR

- 2 a) What are the various principles of town planning? L1 8M
b) Elucidate the necessity for town planning in detail. L1 4M

UNIT-II

- 3 What is rural planning? Explain in detail L1 12M

OR

- 4 a) Write a brief note on Urban Planning and International Planning? L1 6M
b) Explain about functional survey? L2 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 Explain in detail about various causes and effects of slum formation L2 12M

OR

- 6 Illustrate various process involved in prevention of slum formation. L1 12M

UNIT-IV

- 7 Mention the categories in which the public buildings are generally grouped L1 12M

OR

- 8 a) Explain various responsibility of a building owner L2 6M
b) What are the applicability of Bye-law to gasoline cum service station L1 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 Discuss in detail about the advantages & disadvantages of traffic signals L2 12M

OR

- 10 a) Draw the neat sketches of traffic islands for the road junctions with four streets. L1 6M
b) Explain, with the help of neat sketches, various arrangements of the street lights. L2 6M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022

**DATA COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING
(ECE)**

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; ($5 \times 2 = 10$ Marks)

- (a) List out the advantages of star topology. L1 2M
- (b) Examine the access method used by wired Lan and Wireless Lan. L4 2M
- (c) Expand ICMP and write the function L1 2M
- (d) Differentiate IMAP and POP. L1 2M
- (e) Explain the need of using internet devices and Protocols? L1 2M

PART- B

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)

UNIT - I

2. a) Explain the various forms in which data's can be represented? L2 3M
b) Describe the working of various topologies with its advantages and disadvantages. L3 7M

OR

3. a) Discuss the principle of Protocol layering. L3 5M
b) Give comparison between LAN, MAN, WAN. L1 5M

UNIT - II

4. a) Define Ethernet in wired LANs. Write down the name of different generations of Ethernet. L2 5M
b) Sketch a diagram of Ethernet frame & explain all the parts. L4 5M

OR

5. a) Explain the services of WiMAX. L3 5M
b) Draw a WiMAX frame & define all the parts. L4 5M

UNIT - III

6. Explain IP Datagram format with proper diagram. L1 10M

OR

7. a) Describe in detail the working of ARP protocol. L3 4M
b) Describe in detail the working of RARP protocol. L3 6M

UNIT - IV

8. Explain the architecture and services of e-mailing system. L2 10M

OR

9. a) Discuss the working of frame relay. L2 5M
b) Describe the architecture of ATM. L3 5M

UNIT - V

10. Write short notes on 1. Connecting devices 2. Routers L1 10M

OR

11. a) Discuss about the basic threats in network security. L4 5M
b) Explain in detail about the firewall. L2 5M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

(Computer Science Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) List out the characteristics of the Software? L2 2M
- (b) What different points of view can be used to describe the Requirements Model? L1 2M
- (c) Define Cohesion and Coupling? L1 2M
- (d) Give the golden rules in Interface Design? L2 2M
- (e) Compare Validation Testing with Verification Testing? L4 2M

PART- B

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Explain about Waterfall and Incremental Process models with examples?

L5 10M

OR

3. (a) What is the difference between a Unified Process (UP) phase and UP workflow? L1 5M
 (b) Illustrate any two Agile Process Models? L2 5M

UNIT - II

4. Construct Class based Modeling with an example?

L3 10M

OR

5. Explain about Eliciting requirements in Software Requirements gathering?

L2 10M

UNIT - III

6. Why is quality so important in Software Design? Write and explain the characteristics of a good design? Explain? L4 10M

OR

7. (a) How to identify Architectural Patterns? L3 5M
 (b) Discuss briefly about Architectural Design? L6 5M

UNIT - IV

8. Examine the elements of Interface Analysis with examples?

L4 10M

OR

9. What are Quality attributes of WebApp Design and discuss the set of Design goals in WebApp? L1 10M
 L6

UNIT - V

10. (a) Write a short notes on Black box Testing? L3 5M
 (b) How to test Specialized environments, Architectures and Applications? L3 5M

OR

11. Explain about the importance of Test strategies in Conventional Software?

L5 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022
ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION
(ECE)

Time: 3 hours

PART-A (Compulsory Questions)			Max.Marks: 60
1. Answer the following; ($5 \times 2 = 10$ Marks)			
(a) Define Directivity of an antenna	L1	2M	
(b) What are the advantages of Yagi-Uda antenna?	L1	2M	
(c) What is the need for antenna measurements?	L1	2M	
(d) What are the advantages of Antenna arrays?	L1	2M	
(e) Draw the structure of Ionosphere and name its regions.	L1	2M	
PART- B (Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)			
2. (a) Explain Radiation Intensity and Antenna Gain.			
(b) Write short notes on Radiation Pattern and Beam Efficiency	L2	5M	
3. Derive expression for Electric and Magnetic Field radiated by Half Wave Dipole and Sketch its Field Strength pattern.			L1 5M
OR			L3 10M
4. (a) Explain the types & characteristics of horn antenna.			
(b) Explain about the helical antenna geometry, axial mode of radiation and its applications.	L2	5M	
UNIT - II			L2 5M
5. (a) Write short notes on Horn antenna.			
(b) Design Yagi-Uda antenna of six elements to provide a gain of 12dB if the operating frequency is 200 MHz.	L1	3M	
OR			L6 7M
6. (a) Write the advantages and limitations of micro strip antennas.			
(b) Explain Gain measurement by direct comparison method.	L1	4M	
UNIT - III			L1 6M
7. (a) Explain about the Reciprocity with respect to antenna measurements.			
(b) Explain the effect between variation of focal length position and radiation in paraboloid.	L5	5M	
OR			L2 5M
8. Derive the expression for far field pattern of an array of two isotropic point sources at equal amplitude & same phase.			L4 10M
UNIT - IV			
9. Explain End fire array with increase directivity and derive the directivity equation			
OR			
10. Explain the Structure of Ground wave propagation with neat sketch.			L5 10M
UNIT - V			
11. (a) Explain Virtual height and its significance.			L5 10M
(b) Explain Skip distance and derive its expression.	L5	4M	
	L5	6M	

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
METROLOGY & MEASUREMENTS
(ME)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| (a) What is Taylor's principle? | L1 | 2M |
| (b) what is mean by wringing process of slip gauge | L4 | 2M |
| (c) Name the various types of errors in gears | L1 | 2M |
| (d) What is transducer? | L1 | 2M |
| (e) What is Seebeck Effect? | L1 | 2M |

PART- B

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Define fit? With neat sketch describe three types of fits.

OR

3. Between two mating parts of 100 mm basic size, the actual interference fit is to be from 0.05mm to 0.12mm. The tolerance for hole is the same as the tolerance for the shaft. Find the size of the shaft and the hole on (a) hole basis unilateral system b) Shaft basis unilateral system.

UNIT - II

4. Construct in detail the working of the Sine Bar to measure unknown angle L2 10M

OR

5. Express the following methods of qualifying surface roughness: I 3 10M

- (a) Ra value. (b) RMS value. (c) Rz value

UNIT - III

6. Sketch and explain working and application of versatile instrument of L1 10M toolmakers microscope .

OR

7. With the help of an illustration, explain any four alignment tests on lathe

UNIT - IV

8. List out Displacement transducers? Explain inductive transducer with suitable sketch. L2 10M

OR

9. What is the principle of strain gauge? Explain the method of usage for measurement of strains. L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. Sketch a Mcleod gauge and explain working principles. Describe applications L1 10M and limitations

OP

11. What are the basic methods of force measurement? Elaborate elastic force devices with neat sketch. L4 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022
WEB TECHNOLOGIES
 (CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- | | | |
|---|----|----|
| (a) List out the basic Internet Protocols | L1 | 2M |
| (b) What are the six JavaScript data types? | L2 | 2M |
| (c) What is DOM? | L3 | 2M |
| (d) How is XML parsing done with SAX? | L2 | 2M |
| (e) What are Web Services? | L1 | 2M |

PART- B**(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)****UNIT - I**

2. State the types of lists supported by HTML and explain the lists with necessary attributes. Write the html code to print nested lists

OR

- | | | |
|---|----|----|
| 3. (a) Discuss about HTTP Request-Response Message? | L1 | 5M |
| (b) Discuss about Working with Links and URLs with example. | L6 | 5M |

UNIT - II

4. What is CSS? List out the various properties. Explain the various concepts of CSS properties with neat example

OR

- | | | |
|---|----|-----|
| 5. Define Function in JavaScript. Write a program using functions with arguments. | L1 | 10M |
|---|----|-----|

UNIT - III

6. Describe the servlet architecture and Execution of servlet for the program to display a welcome message on the client system.

OR

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| 7. (a) Difference between Generic Servlet and HTTP Servlet | L2 | 5M |
| (b) Describe DOM Event handling | L1 | 5M |

UNIT - IV

8. Write a php program to check the user credentials, whether they are correct or not. If the credentials are correct then the user will be redirected to another page

OR

- | | | |
|---|----|-----|
| 9. Write a Java servlet Program to implement the Book Information using JDBC. | L3 | 10M |
|---|----|-----|

UNIT - V

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| 10. (a) What is the difference between XML HTTP Request and AJAX ? | L1 | 5M |
| (b) Discuss the security issues of AJAX. | L2 | 5M |

OR

- | | | |
|--|----|-----|
| 11. Explain the method of creating a web service client with an example. | L2 | 10M |
|--|----|-----|

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022
MICROPROCESSORS & MICROCONTROLLERS
 (ECE&EEE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- a) List out some examples of high level languages L1 2M
- b) Give the function of timing and control unit of 8085 microprocessor L1 2M
- c) Draw the configuration of TCON register L1 2M
- d) Classify addressing modes of 8051 μC L1 2M
- e) What is matrix keypad and give its use L1 2M

PART- B**(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)****UNIT - I**

2. a. Draw the block diagram of microcomputer and explain function of each block L2 5M
 b. Define microprocessor. Explain the brief history of evolution of μP L2 5M

OR

3. a. Compare RAM and ROM memories L2 5M
 b. What is the need of memory? And classify different types of memory L2 5M

UNIT - II

4. a. List out the important features of 8085 microprocessor L1 5M
 b. Sketch neat block diagram of 8085 microprocessor L2 5M

OR

5. a. Explain the requirement of a program counter, stack pointer & ALU in 8085 μP
 b. Draw and define the flags in 8085 μP

L3 5M
 L2 5M

UNIT - III

6. a. Define register. Mention the need of registers in μP or μC L2 5M
 b. Draw the flag register of 8051 μC and describe the functionality of each flag in detail L2 5M

OR

7. With the help of a neat block diagram, Explain the internal architecture of 8051 microcontroller in detail L2 10M

UNIT - IV

8. a. Explain the difference between Jump and Call operations L2 5M
 b. Explain the logical Instructions of 8051 μC with an example L2 5M

OR

9. Write an assembly program of 8051 μC to multiply two 8-bit numbers and store the result in a memory location L4 10M

UNIT - V

10. a. Write a short notes on 7-Segment display L2 5M
 b. With the help of a neat diagram, show the interfacing of ADC 0808 with 8051 μC and explain its operation. L3 5M

OR

11. Design and explain any microcontroller-based system

L4 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)
 B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022
MICROWAVE THEORY & TECHNIQUES

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)
 Answer the following: (5 × 2 = 10 Marks)

1.
 - a) Mention any two applications of Microwaves
 - b) What is a Gyrorator
 - c) What is a waveguide attenuator and why it is used
 - d) Differentiate between O-type and M-type Microwave tubes
 - e) What is the difference between thermistor and varistor

PART- B

(Answer all five units, 5 × 10 =50 Marks)
UNIT - I

2. a) Mention the various Power Losses that occur during transmission of waves in Rectangular Guide
- b) A 600 Ohm transmission line is fed by a 50 Ohm generator. If the line is 100m long and terminated by load of 500 Ohm, Determine (i) reflection loss, (ii) transmission loss and (iii) return loss (in dB)

OR

3. Show that Wavelengths and Impedance of the field are related to cut off frequency in transverse Magnetic (TM) waves .
4. a) Derive TE mode field expressions for propagation in Circular Waveguide
 b) Discuss about the excitation modes in circular waveguides
5. Prove that Transverse Electric(TM)waves propagate through rectangular waveguides
6. Explain the operation of Two hole Directional Coupler and Derive its S-matrix
7. a) With a neat sketch explain the principle of waveguide phase shifter
 b) The coupling factor and isolation of a lossless, symmetric directional coupler are 8dB and 20dB respectively. Determine the scattering matrix of the directional coupler. Also determine the directivity of the device?

UNIT - IV
 With the neat sketch discuss on the velocity modulation process of two cavity Klystron tube.

OR

Deduce the expression for magnetic and voltage expression for cylindrical cylindrical magnetron.

UNIT - V

Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.
 With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - VI

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - VII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - VIII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - IX

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - X

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XI

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XIII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XIV

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XV

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XVI

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XVII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XVIII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XIX

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XX

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXI

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXIII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXIV

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXV

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXVI

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXVII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXVIII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXIX

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXX

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXXI

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXXII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXXIII

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXXIV

a) Write about the method of measuring the VSWR($S>10$) using the block diagram.

b) With the block diagram explain the measurement of Quality factor (Q) using slotted line method

OR

Mention the two methods of the microwave frequency measurement and explain them with a diagram.

UNIT - XXXV

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022

PYTHON PROGRAMMING

(CE, EEE, MECH & ECE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| (a) How to take input from user in python? | L1 | 2M |
| (b) Write syntax of for loop with example. | L4 | 2M |
| (c) What does the "self" keyword do? | L1 | 2M |
| (d) What is an exception? Give an example. | L1 | 2M |
| (e) What does file handling mean? | L1 | 2M |

PART- B

(Answer all five units, $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$)

UNIT - I

2. (a) Write history of Python. L3 5M
 (b) List features and applications of Python. L2 5M

OR

3. (a) Define Variable and mention rules for choosing names of Variable. L3 5M
 (b) What is Set? Explain set Operations. L1 5M

UNIT - II

4. Summarize Control flow structures in python. L2 10M
 OR

5. (a) Write a Python program to find sum of natural numbers. L3 5M
 (b) Discuss the assignment and bitwise operators supported in Python. L2 5M

UNIT - III

6. (a) Discuss about key word arguments with example. L1 5M
 (b) Distinguish global and local variables with example. L2 5M

OR

7. What is inheritance? Illustrate types of inheritance with python code. L3 10M

UNIT - IV

8. Summarize the different types of Exceptions in Python. L2 10M
 OR

9. Describe about Handling Exceptions in detail with examples. L2 10M

UNIT - V

10. (a) Discuss about maps in python. L2 5M
 (b) Discuss about filters in python. L2 5M

OR

11. Express about Mathematics functions in python. L4 10M

**SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**
B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July 2022
ELEMENTS OF ROAD TRAFFIC SAFETY
(ME, ECE, EEE & CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

PART-A**(Compulsory Questions)**

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- | | | |
|---|----|----|
| (a) What are the preventive measures for accidents? | L1 | 2M |
| (b) Describe traffic congestion. | L2 | 2M |
| (c) What are the types of road safety signs? | L1 | 2M |
| (d) What are the different signals used to guide pedestrians? | L1 | 2M |
| (e) What is longitudinal marking? | L2 | 2M |

PART- B

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. Give a detailed discussion about Accident situation in India with past accident data? L2 10M

OR

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| 3. a) Give the detailed notes on cost of road accidents? | L2 | 5M |
| b) Apply your knowledge to suggest the preventive measures of road accidents by cyclist. | L4 | 5M |

UNIT - II

- | | | |
|---|----|----|
| 4. a) Give the discussion about Regulation of speed at night. | L2 | 3M |
| b) Discuss about various Speed limits in rural and urban areas. | L2 | 7M |

OR

5. Briefly explain the various traffic regulatory measures that should be considered for On-street Parking. L2 10M

UNIT - III

- | | | |
|---|----|----|
| 6. a) Why traffic signing requires International standardization? | L2 | 5M |
| b) Briefly explain about traffic signs situation in India. | L2 | 5M |

OR

7. What do you know about Informatory signs and Route marker signs with neat sketch? L1 10M

UNIT - IV

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| 8. a) What is meant by Signal Face, explain it with neat sketch? | L1 | 6M |
| b) Explain the concept of illumination of signals with specifications. | L2 | 4M |

OR

9. List out various Traffic control methods & explain any four of them in detail. L3 10M

UNIT - V

- | | | |
|--|----|----|
| 10. a) Explain briefly about commonly used Materials and Colours in road markings. | L2 | 5M |
| b) Briefly explain about stop lines with neat sketch. | L2 | 5M |

OR

11. Briefly explain about various types of Lamps used in street lighting in view of road traffic safety at night time on roads. L2 10M

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R18) Supplementary Examinations July-2022

DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS-II

(Mechanical Engg.)

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 6

PART-A

(Compulsory Questions)

1. Answer the following; (5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

- (a) Why are idler pulleys used in a belt drive? L1 2M
- (b) What is a bearing? L1 2M
- (c) What are the main functions of cylinder liner? L2 2M
- (d) Explain the terms 'surge' in springs L1 2M
- (e) List any two advantages of gear drives. L1 2M

PART-B

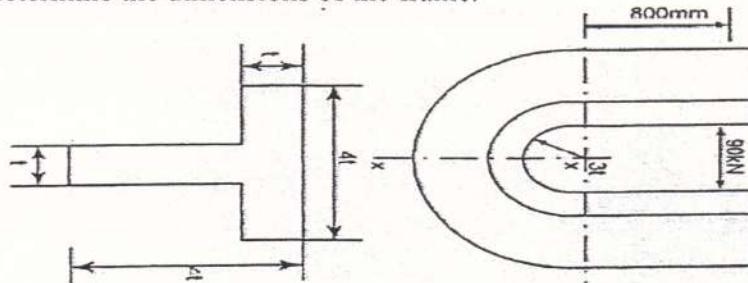
(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 =50 Marks)

UNIT - I

2. A rope drive is to transmit 250 kW from a pulley of 1.2 m diameter, running at a speed of L3 10M 300 r.p.m. The angle of lap may be taken as π radians. The groove half angle is 22.5° . The ropes to be used are 50 mm in diameter. The mass of the rope is 1.3 kg per metre length and each rope has a maximum pull of 2.2 Kn, the coefficient of friction between rope and pulley is 0.3. Determine the number of ropes required. If the overhang of the pulley is 0.5 m, suggest suitable size for the pulley shaft if it is made of steel with a shear stress of 40 Mpa.

OR

3. A punch press of capacity 90KN has a c-frame of T- cross section as shown in fig. The L3 10M frame is made of a material with an ultimate tensile stress of 400MPa for a factor of safety of 3.5, determine the dimensions of the frame.



UNIT - II

4. A full journal bearing of 50 mm diameter and 100 mm long has a bearing pressure of 1.4 N/mm². The speed of the journal is 900 rpm and the ratio of journal diameter to the diametral clearance is 1000. The bearing is lubricated with oil whose absolute viscosity at the operating temperature of 75°C may be taken as 0.011 kg/m-s. The room temperature is 35°C. Find: (i) The amount of artificial cooling required. (ii) The mass of the lubricating oil required, if the difference between the outlet and inlet temperature of the oil is 10°C. Take specific heat of the oil as 1850 J/kg/°C. L4 10M

OR

5. Select a suitable spherical roller bearing from SKF series 222C to support a radial load of 4kN and axial load of 2kN. Minimum life required is 10000 hrs at 1000 rpm. For this select bearing find
 (i) The expected life under the given loads
 (ii) The equivalent load that can be supported with a probability of survival of 95% with 10000 hours.

UNIT - III

6. The following data is given for the piston of a four stroke diesel engine: L4 10M
 Cylinder bore = 250 mm
 Material of piston rings = Gray cast iron
 Allowable tensile stress=100N/mm²
 Allowable radial pressure on cylinder wall = 0.03 MPa
 Thickness of piston head = 42 mm and No of piston rings = 4
 Calculate: (i) Radial width of piston rings. (ii) Axial thickness of piston rings. (iii) Gap between the ends of piston rings before and after assembly. (iv) Width of the top land. (v) Width of the ring grooves. (vi) Thickness of the piston barrel and thickness of the barrel open end.

OR

7. Design a I-section of a connecting rod for an I.C engine using the following data: L4 10M
 Piston diameter = 125 mm
 Stroke = 150 mm
 Length of connecting rod = 300 mm
 Gas pressure = 5 N/mm²
 Speed of engine = 1200 rpm
 Factor of safety = 5 and material is steel 35 NiCr60.

UNIT - IV

8. It is required to design a helical compression spring with plain ends, made of cold drawn plain carbon steel, for carrying a maximum pure static force of 1000 N. The ultimate tensile strength and modulus of rigidity for spring material are 1430 N/mm² and 85 N/mm² respectively. The spring rate is 48 N/mm. If spring index is 5, determine: (i) Wire diameter. (ii) Total number of coils. (iii) Free length and (iv) Pitch. Draw a neat sketch of spring with necessary dimensions.

OR

9. Design a close coiled helical compression spring for a service load ranging from 2250 N to 2750 N. The axial deflection of the spring for the load range is 6 mm. Assume a spring index of 5. The permissible shear stress intensity is 420 MPa and modulus of rigidity, G = 84 kN/mm².

UNIT - V

10. A pair of straight spur gears is required to reduce the speed of shaft from 500 to 100 rpm while continuously running 12hr per day. The pinion is of 40C8 steel and has 20 teeth. The wheel is of cast iron of grade FG200 and has 100 teeth. The gears are of 8mm module, 100 mm face width and 20° pressure angle. Calculate power rating.

OR

11. A pair of helical gears in a milling machine is used to transmit 4.5 kW at 1000 rpm of the pinion and the velocity ratio is 3:1. The helix angle of the gear is 15° and both gears are made of steel C45. The gears are 20° FDI and the pinion is to have minimum of 20 teeth. The gear is to work 8 hrs/day for 3 years. Design the helical gears. Take the required hardness for both gears is more than 350 BHN.